Middletown Transcript.

VOL. I. MIDDLETOWN, NEW CASTLE COUNTY, DELAWARE, SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 15, 1868. NO. 33.

NEW GOODS.

Spring and Summer Opening!!

AT

J. A. Reynolds & Sons'

MIDDLETOWN.

HAVING replenished our Stock with a large and complete assortment of Spring and Summer Goods, we are now enabled to offer extra inducements to the people of Middletown and vicinity, as the following list of prices of some of our leading articles will show,

Calicoes at 10, 12½ and 14 cents per yard.
B'd Muslins 10 12½, 15, 20 and 25 " "
Unbleached do 10 12½ 14, 16 and 20 " "
5-4 Pillow Case do 25, 31, and 37½ " "
Am'r and Russian Crash, 12½, 15, and 18 " "
American Ginghams 12½, 15, and 20 " "
Tickings 25, 35, and 45 " "

DRESS GOODS.

American Lawns 20, 22, and 25 per yard.
Jaconet do 31, 37½, and 45 " "
Plaid and Fig. Cambrics 22, 25 and 31 " "
American Delains 20, 22 and 25 " "
All Wool do 37½, 45, and 50 " "
Black and Colored Alpacas 50 to 90 " "
Silk-Mixed & all Wool Poplins 75 to 1,25 " "

Coatings and Cassimeres.

A splendid stock of 6-4 Coatings and Cloakings, consisting of Tricots, Piques, Doe-Skins, &c., in Black and Fancy Colors, ranging in price from $1 50 to $6 00 per yard.

Fancy Cassimeres for Pants and Vest 90, $1 25, $1 50, $1 75 and $2 00 per yard.

NOTIONS, &c.

Spool Cotton 5, 8 and 10 cts per Spool.
Knitting do 62½, 75, and 87½ per Lb.
Linen Hdkfs' 10, 12½, 18, 25 and 35 cts each.

Ladies, Misses, and Children's White Cotton Hose a 12½, 15, 25, 37½ and 50 cents per pair.

Ladies and Misses Hoop Skirts a 50, 75, $1 00 $1 25, $1 50 each.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Ladies' Lasting Gaiters a $1,25, $1,50, $2,00 and $2,50 per pair.

Misses' Lasting Gaiters a $1,00, $1,25, $1,50 and $1,75 per pair.

Gents' and Boys Lasting gaiters a $2,00, $2,50 $3,00 and $3,50 per pair.

Gents' Calf Boots $5,00 $5,50 and $6,00 per pair.

GROCERIES.

Brown and White Sugars at 12½, 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18 cents per lb.

Laguayra and Rio Coffees 25, 28, and 31 cts. per lb.

Green and Black Teas $1,00 $1,25 $1,50 and $2,00 per lb.

Brown and White Soaps at 6, 8 and 10 cents per lb.

Molasses at 50, 62½, 75 and 95 cts. per gallon.

☞ Please call and examine!

JOHN A. REYNOLDS & SONS.

April 25, 1868.

LEWIS' PURE WHITE LEAD,
IN 12½, 25, 50 AND 100 lb. KEGS.

Black Paint, Prussian Blue,
CHROME GREEN and YELLOW,
Burnt and Raw Umber,
BURNT AND RAW SIENNA,
Indian Red, Red Lead,
VEN. RED, SPANISH BROWN,
Yellow Ochre, Ohio Brown,
Dry and in Oil
IN 1 lb. TO 25 lb. CANS.
Putty, Linseed Oil, Turpentine,
JAPAN DRYING, COPAL VARNISH,
Glue, Gum Shellac,
LAMP BLACK, WINDOW GLASS,
besides a full assortment of
Paint Brushes and Sash Tools,

FOR SALE BY

J. A. REYNOLDS & SONS.

May 16, 1868—3m

BOWER'S COMPLETE MANURE,

MANUFACTURED BY

HENRY BOWER, CHEMIST,

PHILADELPHIA.

MADE FROM

Super-Phosphate of Lime, Ammonia and Potash,

WARRANTED FREE FROM ADULTERATION.

THIS Manure contains all the elements to produce large crops of all kinds, and is highly recommended by all who have used it, also by distinguished Chemists who have, by analysis, tested its qualities.

Packed in bags of 200 pounds each,

DIXON, SHARPLESS & CO.

SOLE AGENTS,

39 South Water and 40 South Delaware Avenue,

PHILADELPHIA.

For sale by WM. REYNOLDS,

79 South Street, BALTIMORE, MD.

Also by JOHN A. REYNOLDS & SONS, MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

And by dealers generally throughout the country. July 18, '68.

HARNESS MAKING.

THE undersigned having commenced Harness making at

ODESSA, DEL.

Is prepared to furnish every article in his line on the most reasonable terms.

His experience in city and country justifies his promise that

ALL HIS WORK WILL BE OF THE

☞ *BEST QUALITY.* ☜

And gives him confidence to solicit a share of the public patronage.

☞ His Shop is on Main street, in the house formerly occupied by Joseph Tawresey.

WM. T. GALLAHER.

April 25—tf.

FOR RENT.

MY FARM of 435 acres, in Caroline county, Maryland. Terms, one half. I find all improvements—Tenant the seed. Apply to

Wm. REYNOLDS,

July 25th—4w Newark, Del.

BARGAINS, BARGAINS,

Cash Buyers Look to your Interest.

S. R. STEPHENS & Co.

HAVING opened their New Cash Store, in Middletown, Del. are now prepared to offer to the Public a large and well selected Stock of

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES, &c.

They offer a large lot of CARPETS,

VERY LOW FROM AUCTION.

A FINE STOCK OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,
Cloths, Cassimers, and
Ready Made Clothing.
HATS AND CAPS,
Dress Goods, Notions,
HARDWARE, &C.

Canned Fruits, Pickles, Sauces, and all kinds of Goods usually kept in a country store.

Having purchased our entire stock for cash, we are prepared to sell at city prices for cash or country produce.

Buyers would do well to give us a call.

SAML. R. STEPHENS & Co.

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

July 4—1y.

W. M. KENNARD,

OF THE WELL KNOWN

DRY GOODS AND CARPET HOUSE,

306 Market Street, Wilmington,

offers to the buying public one of the most desirable assortment of

☞ GOODS ☜

ver displayed by this old established house. Buying for CASH, selling on the same terms,

Purchasing from first Hands,

AS WELL AS

Importing some Styles of Goods,

all combined, gives him many advantages not usual with retail stores.

A LARGE STOCK,

PLENTY OF LIGHT,

No Misrepresentation of Goods,

AND LOW PRICES

☞ are SOME of the inducements held forth to buyers. ☜

January 4, 1868—6m

BOOKS, STATIONERY, AND VARIETY STORE.

SCHOOL BOOKS and Miscellaneous Works, Bibles, Prayer Books and Hymn Books, BLANK BOOKS, in various styles of binding. Tuck, Memorandum and Pass Books.

Stationery of all kinds.

Photograph Albums, Work-Boxes, Fancy Boxes, Writing Desks, Ladies' Satchels, Pocket Books, Port Folios, Purses, Portmonaies, Segar Cases, Picture Frames, Tassels and Cords, Looking Glasses.

Back Gammon Boards,

CHESS & CHECKER MEN,

GAMES OF ALL KINDS.

Rubber Pencils and Penholders, Writing Fluid Ink Stands, Pocket Cutlery, Rogers' Scissors, Sleeve Buttons, Studs, Breast Pins, Finger Rings Spectacles, Violin Strings, Combs, Brushes, Nail and Tooth Brushes, Gum Bands, Watch Keys, Key Rings, and Puff Boxes.

A Fine Assortment of Colgate & Co's. Soap,

PHALON'S NIGHT-BLOOMING CEREUS,

Wright's and Taylor's Superior Extracts, Pomades, Hair Oils, and Dental Soap, of the first quality.

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS.

Neck Ties of various styles, Bismarck Collars, Gloves, Hose, Handkerchiefs, Cuffs, Wristlets, &c. &c.

Segars, Tobacco Pipes, Meerschaums, and Tobacco Pouches.

Lamps, Lamp Chimneys, Wicks and Coal Oil.

DEALER IN NEWSPAPERS—

New York Ledger,
Harper's Weekly, Bazaar and Magazine.
Frank Leslie, Chimney Corner, Weekly,
Boys and Girls Weekly,
Gleason's Literary Companion.
Godey's, Peterson's, Atlantic, Arthur's, Galaxy and Mm'e. Demorest's Magazines.

☞ A large variety of Fancy Articles. ☜

Call and examine, at

D. L. DUNNING'S,

Corner of Main and Scott streets,

Jan 4.—3mo. Middletown, Del.

Stockholders' Notice.

THE Stockholders of the Middletown Hall Company, are respectively notified that prompt payment of instalments due, must be made as the erection of the building is rapidly progressing, and the money to meet the necessary liabilities must now come forward. Payments to be made to J. R. Hall, Esq. Treasurer, at Citizens' National Banking House. By order of Board of Directors, J. THOMAS BUDD,

July 4-tf Secretary.

GOV. SEYMOUR'S LETTER OF ACCEPTANCE.

The following is the letter of Governor Seymour, accepting the nomination of the National Democratic Convention for President:

UTICA, N. Y. August 4, 1868.

General G. W. Morgan and others, Committee, &c. :

GENTLEMEN: When in the city of New York, on the 11th of July, in the presence of a vast multitude, on the behalf of the National Democratic Convention, you tendered to me its unanimous nomination as their candidate for the office of President of the United States, I stated I had no words "adequate to express my gratitude for the good will and kindness which that body had shown to me. Its nomination was unsought and unexpected. It was my ambition to take an active part—from which I am now excluded—in the great struggle going on for the restoration of good Government, of peace and prosperity to our country. But I have been caught up by the overwhelming tide which is bearing us on to a great political change. I find myself unable to resist its pressure. You have also given me a copy of the resolutions put forth by the Convention, showing its position upon all the great questions which now agitate the country. As the presiding officer of that Convention, I am familiar with their scope and import. As one of its members, I am a party to their terms. They are in accord with my views, and I stand upon them in the contest upon which we are now entering, and I shall strive to carry them out in future, wherever I may be placed, in political or private life."

I then stated that I would send you these words of acceptance in a letter, as is the customary form. I see no reason, upon reflection, to change or qualify the terms of my approval of the resolutions of the Convention. I have delayed the mere formal act of communicating to you in writing what I thus publicly said, for the purpose of seeing what light the action of Congress would throw upon the country. Its acts since the adjournment of the Convention show an alarm lest a change of political power will give to the people what they ought to have—a clear statement of what has been done with the money drawn from them during the past eight years.—Thoughtful men feel that there have been wrongs in the financial management which have been kept from the public knowledge. The Congressional party has not only allied itself with military power, which is to be brought to bear directly upon the elections in many States, but it also holds itself in perpetual session, with the avowed purpose of making such laws as it shall see fit, in view of the elections which will take place within a few weeks. It did not, therefore, adjourn, but took a recess to meet again, if its partisan interests should demand its reassembling. Never before in the history of our country has Congress thus taken a menacing attitude toward its electors. Under its influence, some of the States organized by its agents are proposing to deprive the people of the right to vote for Presidential electors, and the first bold steps are to destroy the rights of suffrage. It is not strange, therefore, that thoughtful men see in such action the proof that there is, with those who shape the policy of the Republican party, motives stronger and deeper than the mere wish to hold political power—that there is a dread of some exposure, which drives them on to acts so desperate and impolitic.

Many of the ablest leaders and journals of the Republican party have openly deplored the violence of Congressional action, and its tendency to keep up discord in our country. The great interests of our Union demand peace, order, and a return to those industrial pursuits without which we cannot maintain the faith or honor of our Government. The minds of business men are perplexed by uncertainties. The hours of toil of our laborers are lengthened by the cost of living; made by the direct and indirect exactions of Government.—Our people are harassed by the heavy and frequent demands of the tax-gatherer.

Without distinction of party, there is a strong feeling in favor of that line of action which shall restore order and confidence, and shall lift off the burdens which now hinder and vex the the industry of the country. Yet at this moment those in power have thrown into the Senate Chamber and Congressional hall new elements of discord and violence. Men have been admitted as representatives of some of the Southern States, with the declaration upon their lips, that they cannot live in the States they claim to represent, without military protection. These men are to make laws for the North, as well as the South. These men who a few days since, were seeking as suppliants that Congress would give them power within their respective States, are to-day the masters and controllers of the actions of those bodies. Entering them with minds filled with passions, their first demands have been that Congress shall look upon the States from which they come as in conditions of civil war; that the majority of their population, embracing their intelligence, shall be treated as public enemies; that military forces shall be kept up at the cost of the people of the North, and that there shall be no peace and order at the South, save that which is made by arbitrary power.

Every intelligent man knows that these men owe their seats in Congress to the disorder in the South. Every man knows that they not only owe their present positions to disorder, but that every motive springing from the love of power, of gain, of a desire for vengeance, prompts them to keep the South in anarchy. While that exists they are independent of the will or wishes of their fellow-citizens. While confusion reigns they are the dispensers of the profits and the honors which grow out of a government of mere force. These men are now placed in positions where they can not only urge their views of policy, but where they can enforce them.—When others shall be admitted in this manner from the remaining Southern States, although they will have in truth no constituents, they will have more power in the Senate than a majority of the people of this Union living in nine of the great States. In vain the wisest members of the Republican party protested against the policy that led to this result. While the chiefs of the late rebellion have submitted to the results of the war, and are now quietly engaged in useful pursuits for the support of themselves and their families, and are trying by the force of their example to lead back the people of the South to the order and industry not only essential to their well being, but to the greatness and prosperity of our common country, we see that those who, without ability or influence, have been thrown by the agitations of civil convulsion into positions of honor and profit, are striving to keep alive the passions to which they owe their elevation; and they clamorously insist that they are the only friends of our Union—a Union that can only have a sure foundation in fraternal regard, and a common desire to promote the peace, the order, and the happiness of all sections of our land.

Events in Congress, since the adjournment of the Convention, have vastly increased the importance of a political victory by those who are seeking to bring back economy, simplicity, and justice in the administration of our national affairs. Many Republicans have heretofore clung to their party who have regretted the extremes of violence to which it has run. They have cherished a faith, that while the action of their political friends have been mistaken, their motives have been good. They must now see that the Republican party is in that condition that it cannot carry out a wise and peaceful policy, whatever its motives may be. It is a misfortune; not only to a country, but to a governing party itself, when its action is unchecked by any form of opposition. It has been the misfortune of the Republican party that the events of the past few years have given it so much power that it has been able to shackle the Executive, to trample the judiciary, and to carry out the views of the most unwise and violent of its members. When this state of things exists in any party, it has ever been found that the sober judgments of its ablest leaders do not control. There is hardly an able man who helped to build up the Republican organization who has not within the past three years warned it against its excesses, who has not been borne down and forced to give up his convictions of the interests of the country called for; or, if too patriotic to do this, who has not been driven from its ranks. If this has been the case heretofore, what will be its action now, with this new infusion of men who, without a decent respect for the views of those who have just given them their positions, begin their legislative career with calls for arms—with demands that their States shall be regarded as in a condition of civil war, and with the declaration that they are ready and anxious to degrade the President of the United States whenever they can persuade or force Congress to bring forward new articles of impeachment. The Republican party, as well as we, are interested in pntting some check upon this violence. It must be clear to every thinking man that a division of political power tends to check the violence of party action, and to assure the peace and good order of society. The election of a Democratic Executive and a majority of Democratic members to the House of Representatives would not give to that party organization the power to make sudden or violent changes; but it would serve to check those extreme measures which have been deplored by the best men by both political organizations. The result would most certainly lead to that peaceful restoration of the Union and re-establishment of fraternal relationship which the country desires. I am sure that the best men of the Republican party deplore as deeply as I do, the spirit of violence shown by those recently admitted to seats in Congress from the South. The condition of civil war which they contemplate must be abhorrent to ever right-thinking man. I have no mere personal wishes which mislead my judgement in regard to the pending election. No man who has weighed and measured the duties of the President of the United States can fail to be impressed with the cares and toils of him who is to meet its demands. It is not merely to float with popular currents, without a policy or purpose; on the contrary, while our Constitution gives just weight to the public will, its distinguishing feature is that it seeks to protect the rights of minorities; its greatest glory is that it puts restraints upon power; it gives force and form to those maxims and principles of civil liberty for which the martyrs of freedom have struggled through ages; it declares the right of the people "to be secure in their persons, houses, and papers, against unreasonable searches and seizures; that Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or the free exercise thereof, or abridging the freedom of speech or of the press, or the right of the people to petition for redress of grievances. It secures the right of a speedy and public trial by an impartial jury."

No man can rightfully enter upon the duties of the Presidential office unless he is not only willing to carry out the wishes of the people expressed in a constiuutional way, but is also prepared to stand up for the rights of the minorities. He must be ready to uphold the free exercise of religion. He must denounce measures which would wrong personal or home rights, or the religious conscience of the citizens of the land. He must maintain, without distinction of creed or nationality, all the privileges of American citizenship. The experience of every public man who has been faithful to his trust teaches him that no one can do the duties of the office of President unless he is ready not only to undergo the falsehoods and abuse of the bad, but to suffer from the censure of the good, who are misled by prejudices and misrepresentations. There are no attractions in such positions which deceive my judgement, when I say that a great change is going on in the public mind. The mass of the Republican party are more thoughtful, impartial, and just, than they were during the excitements which attended the progress and close of the civil war. As the energy of the Democratic party springs from their devotion to their cause, and not to their candidates, I may, with propriety, speak of the fact, that never in the political history of our country has the action of any like body been hailed with such universal and wide-spread enthusiasm as that which has been shown in relation to the position of the National Democratic Convention. With this the candidates had nothing to do. Had any others of those named been selected, this spirit would have been, perhaps, more marked. The zeal and energy of the Conservative masses spring from a desire to make a change of political policy, and from the confidence that they can carry out their purpose. In this faith they are strengthened by the co-operation of the great body of those who served in the Union army and navy during the war. Having given nearly sixteen thousand commissions to the officers of that army, I know their views and wishes. They demand the Union for which they fought. The largest meeting of these gallant soldiers, which ever assembled was held in New York, and endorsed the action of the National Convention. In words instinct with meaning, they called upon the Government to stop in its policy of hate, discord, and disunion, and in terms of fervid eloquence they demanded the restoration of the rights and liberties of the American people. When there is such accord between those who proved themselves brave and self-sacrificing in war and those who are thoughtful and patriotic in council, I cannot doubt we shall gain a political triumph which will restore our Union, bring back peace and prosperity to our land, and will give us once more the blessings of a wise, economical, and honest Government.

I am, gentlemen, truly yours, &c.

HORATIO SEYMOUR.

California.

The following is an extract of a letter from Rev. J. L. Breck, of Benicia, Cal. to a friend in Wilmington, Del. dated July 20th, 1868:

You hear those sweet birds singing—well they are the California canary, which build about our windows and in the rose bushes and in the vines which climb up the lattice-work. That pretty garden has flowers blooming in and out of doors, all the year round, winter and summer. Here the profusion of flowers is so wonderful that I feel almost angry with myself that I pass them by as common things. All the hot-house plants with you, grow here out of doors and become almost trees! The rose is often a tree. The accacias, of many varieties, grow to the height of ten or fifteen feet. The mallows are trees in which our chickens roost. They are a weed here six to ten inches in diameter.

Yonder is our vegetable garden; we raise in it vegetables for the whole year; we never put them in a cellar to keep.—Strawberries are in the market during ten months of the year. To-day I have been eating delicious fresh figs; the trees yield two or three crops a Summer. We have two or three hundred grape-vines. Grapes sell in the market at two cents a pound But what is the greatest wonder here we have no rains for about six months in Summer. The hills become parched brown and the ground cracks, and you would think every thing would burn up and be destroyed, but it is not so.

There is a wild oats which grows about to the height of a man, which dries in the field and furnishes food for tens of thousands of cattle and sheep. What falls to the ground is blown by the wind into these cracks of the earth, and so with the wheat that shells out, and this forms the volunteer crop. The cattle get so fat eating upon these brown hills, that they are often unfit for the market, and they look for the poorest of the flock to kill. But I will now stop telling you any more of the wonderful growth of this country. We do not have thunder storms here, which is a great comfort to many timid people. In the Winter we see snow upon the mountains, and even now within a day's travel from the Mission House, we reach snow six feet in depth. It is the beginning of the everlasting snow upon the everlasting hills.

"Do you ever have any "hops" in Maine?" asked a Newport belle, who was dressing for a ball, of a country cousin from the Pine State. "Oh yes, lots; pa has forty acres of 'em in one field."

Thirteen of the United States and one Territory grow cotton.

Correspondence of the Middletown Transcript

MILLINGTON, July 31st, 1868.

MR. EDITOR.—I read a week ago a letter from "Lucius," giving a brief description of the citizens of Odessa; I want to know whether Lucius was speaking "sarkustikul" or not; if not, then Odessa must be a blessed place: I'd like to take up my residence there for the rest of my mortal existence; the citizens must go singing in their happy hearts all the day long—

"Oh! if there be an Elysium on Earth,
It is this, it is this."

In the words of the old gentleman in Martin Chuzzlewit, or something else, (who had to be punched and shaken up every hour or two by his grandaughter, to prevent his state of collapse from becoming chronic,) "My eyes and liver," I'd like to see Mrs. T. or Mis L. (or all the other letters from A to Izzard) in this town, get a bonnet and no one have any thing to say about it—Our bonnets as well as the rest of our "riggin," are picked to pieces (metaphorically speaking,) long before the season is over; and as to beaux:—I'd like to see a lady here, entertain her gentlemen friends, on the porch, in the parlor or in the sitting room, and every one think it all right, and nobody's business: If one were not an interested party it would be real fun to see the peeping round the house corner if one is on the porch, or the waiting about if he is in the parlor, to see what time he leaves; then the speculations as to whether he is serious, or whether he is only flirting—bah! how I detest the word; and the bare idea of a lady having confidence enough in the animal Homo, species Americanus, to treat him with frankness and candor is horrifying. Must not all this have a most debasing influence on society? If a woman cannot treat a man with some degree of confidence she had better have nothing at all to do with him; it is true, there are those who wear the guise who have no right to the title of gentlemen, but home associations will generally protect us from such; and to such I would say, that if from an evil heart they speak evil things, this, "one of the most dastardly and cruel of sins" will never go unpunished; repentance avails nothing, for either in this life, or that which is to come, some grievous punishment falls upon every such offender." Before I get too far off the track allow me to ask your attention to a few verses, which I think some of us might profit by.

"Is it anybody's business if a gentleman should choose
To wait upon a lady if the lady don't refuse?
Or, to speak a little plainer, that the meaning all may know,
Is it any body's business if a lady has a beau?

Is it anybody's business when that gentleman doth call,
Or when he leaves the lady, or, if he leaves at all?
Or, should it be necessary that the curtain should be drawn,
To save from further trouble the outside lookers on?

Is it anybody's business but the lady's if her beau
Rideth out with other ladies and doesn't let her know,
Is it anybody's business but the gentleman's if she
Should accept another escort, where he doesn't chance to be?

If a person's on the side walk, whether great or or whether small,
Is it anybody's business where that person means to call,
Or if you see a person while he's calling *anywhere*,
Is it any of *your* business what *his* business may be there?

The substance of our query, simply stated, would be this:
Is it *anybody's* business what *another's* business is?
Whether 'tis, or whether 'tisnt, we should really like to know,
For we're certain if it isn't, there are *some* who *make* it so.

If it *is*, we'll join the rabble, and act the *noble* part
Of the *tattlers* and *defamers*, who throng the public mart;
But if not we'll act the teacher, until *each meddler* learns,
It were better in the future, to mind his (or her) own concerns."

Some may think all this "meddling" very harmless, but I once heard the reason why the crows are all so black:

"The raven once, in snowy plumes was drest,
White as the whitest dove's unsullied breast;
Fair as the "guardian of the capitol"
Soft as the swan; a large and lovely fowl:
His *tongue*, his *prating tongue* has changed him quite,
To sooty blackness, from the purest white."

The tattler cannot possibly confine himself, or (alas!) herself to the truth; it is so delicious to put in a little to spice the feast, so the fib that was (perhaps) at first what people call white, ends by being dressed in the deepest mourning: I wish we could all remember that, "slanders coming from beautiful lips are like spiders crawling from the blushing heart of a rose," and if we had not malais in the heart, slander could not creep out. "Since; the good out of the good treasure of the heart bring forth good things; and the evil from the evil treasure bring forth evil things." "And for every evil word we speak, we shall give account thereof in the day of judgement." We might take for our motto:—"Do all the good you can, to all the people you can, in all the ways you can, just as long as you can; Instead of doing all the ill you can."

Then there is a way of veiling the meddling, tattling disposition under the guise of special interest: The tale is told, interspersed with assurances that the teller is the *special friend* of the victim, in fact the best friend he or she (or both) has in the world; such a well of love in the depth of the heart, that if it were to ever get out really, there would be a flood in M. instead of the present dearth of that article; but if you watch narrowly and don't see a gleam of malace in a pair of black eyes; and to say the least a very singular expression on a very small face, its because you're blind or very near-sighted. To a looker on, the way we go whisking our beams about while we hunt up our neighbor's motes, must be supremely ridiculous—in fact, like the "boy and the frogs"—fun for them, but death to us—No! I'll take that back, there's no fun in it, 'tis wicked, outrageously, absolutely, unmitigated, wicked. Let us remember that, "we see in people what we know in them, and we can know in them only, what we have faculties to know; and when we speak of people's motives, or our suspicions about them, we oftener describe ourselves, than those of whom we are speaking.

I conclude by quoting the words of one who, "bears without reproach, the grand old name of gentleman." "Oh! how I wish the world were good and pure, and that we were kind to each other, making every loving allowance for what men and women do around us, that—(from obtuseness of intellect, or lack of delicacy) we cannot understand." "When we have learned the true spirit of Jesus, this will be our life." "And so too, when Masonry has succeeded in implanting its lessons in men's hearts, we shall have—smoother, purer lives." FAMA.

Bad Policy to pay Rent.

We do not mean if you agree to: but bad policy to agree to do so.

Any man who is able to pay rent can build a house. This will strike you as a bold proposition and hard to believe, but let us reason together.

It is hardly our interests to discourage renting houses, but we will waive interest and go for principle.

First, you say you have no lot. Lease one, then, or buy one on time. You have no lumber or material. You are paying one hundred or two hundred dollars for rent. When you pay it, it is gone, and at the end of two or three years you have paid out enough to build a house and are still a renter. All you need is to anticipate these payments—say for a year.—Borrow out of bank and otherwise, and give your rising building as security for enough to buy lumber; put up a frame for three or four rooms; plaster one in the Fall, and instead of paying monthly rents, finish the rooms one by one, as you are able, and in two or three years you can have a home paid for, and you can begin to pay for your leased lot and own it yourself.

You are afraid of mortgages, you say. Why they are the poor man's friend.—They are the life-boats in the wreck for a man in debt. They build all our railroads and great internal improvements.—They are harmless if you understand them and are a good financier. They are foreclosed sometimes, but they will not generally be foreclosed if you pay the interest promptly, which you can do easier than pay the rent. If you are sharp, you can play with them like Driesbach with the lions, and they won't bite. Moreover, robbing Peter to pay Paul is not robbery, if Peter is willing and will lend you the money on a new mortgage to pay the old one; and there are always Peters who live by doing this kind of business.

The process of knocking an old mortgage on the head, whenever it grows ugly and threatens violence, is a familiar one to all good financiers.

Use your wits. Work with your head, and you will not have to work so much with your hands.

The richest men in the world are those who commenced on nothing, and lifted themselves up by the straps of their boots.

But here a nice young man answers that his richer associates and friends will snub him if he lives in that style. Here is the great error of young men. They wish to commence life in as elegant style as their fathers lived in, after a quarter of a century's hard work. It is the great error of the age—the prolific source of celibacy and bachelorhood, and operates as a fraud upon good looking girls who are cheated out of husbands by such foolishness.

Respect yourself—act independently—take a longer look at things—snub the snubbers, and make them sick of it—and in five years you will be bowed to and courted by the same men The good will of such men is purchased at too dear a price. It is not worth having.

You are a coward. You are willing to sell your home and your independence for such weak and unmanly sentimentalism. Dare to follow your own line of policy if it is honest and for your interest to do so—and not allow weak and snobbish pride to consign you to hard labor for life, as the tenant and vassal of your landlord.

By following this advice the thousands of dollars you will give away for rent in ten years, having nothing to show for it, will give you a home of comfort and elegance, with a wife and family, and all the influence of one of "our respected citizens,"

"This is the way—walk ye in it." It leads to independence, respectability and honor.

A man in the country announces that his golden wedding will come off just thirty years from now, and offers a liberal discount on any presents his friends then design to make him.

What is fame? A six line puff in a newspaper.—Byron defines military glory to be getting killed in battle, and having your named mispelled in the gazette.

The minister who boasted of preaching without notes don't wish to be understood as referring to greenbacks.

The Middletown Transcript.

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 15, 1868.

FOR PRESIDENT,

HORATIO SEYMOUR,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

GEN. FRANCIS P. BLAIR,

OF MISSOURI.

FOR SHERIFF,

JACOB RICHARDSON,

FOR CORONER.

LAWRENCE PENDEGRASS.

The Political Situation.

Thus far the presidential campaign has been one of unusual calmness and quiet. There has been a total absence of the accustomed excitement and political agitation incident to such occasions. It probably arises from the fact that the current of political feeling runs too deep, at this time, to display the ordinary surface agitations seen only when the stream is shallow. Men do not trifle in times of great peril. Imminent danger stills the ebullition of passion, and arouses all our faculties to avert it. It awakens the indomitable will and the firm resolve. It knits the brows, compresses the lips, clenches the fists, and shows the preparation to meet it, in every lineament and feature. Such, now, is the condition of the Democratic party. It is comparatively calm, but it is the calm of conscious power, of resistless all-conquering will, which is to impart to it such momentum as will bear down beneath it all opposition.

The summer heat, perhaps, has had its share in producing the apparent lethargic condition of parties. The weather has been too hot for campaigning. But the heat is subsiding, and as the mercury in Fahrenheit declines, the mercury in the political thermometer will rise. Kentucky has expanded the bulb, and sent it up with a rush several degrees. The democratic majority there will reach one hundred thousand! Grant stock has experienced a very heavy decline in that market. Tidings of victory also reach us from far-off Montana. The democracy have seventeen hundred majority, and a number of counties yet to hear from which will swell it to over two thousand.

The first gun from New York, booms ominously for Grant. It breaks on the ear of foundering radicalism like "the minute gun at sea," while to the democrats it sounds like a *feu de joie*. The special election at Grafton, on the 11th inst. exhibited a gain for the democrats, which extending over the State in like proportion, would give them over two hundred thousand majority! These are indications of the political situation, altogether cheering to the democrats at this early stage of the canvass, and we have an abiding faith that the signs are to grow more and more propitious as the campaign progresses.

We publish elsewhere the proceedings of the Democratic ratification meeting at Townsend, on Saturday last. The meeting was addressed by Capt. Jos. M. Barr, J. B. Penington, Esq. and Major B. T. Biggs. While the latter was speaking he alluded to the prospect that the Democrats would carry all three of the counties in the State. Turning to Mr. Richardson, the Democratic candidate for Sheriff, who was present, he said, "Richardson, hunt up your sureties, we shall carry every Hundred in New Castle County, except, perhaps, Christiana and the City of Wilmington, and old Appoquinimink will take care of Wilmington and balance her majority." Mr. Richardson replied that the Democrats expected to carry Wilmington, which would leave the Republicans only Christiana. The announcement was hailed with applause.

A gentleman from Philadelphia, with whom we conversed a few days since, says that the Democrats will carry that city at the next election by seven thousand majority. The Germans are united, active, harmonious, and thoroughly organized against the Radicals. They are moved and actuated by greater zeal and unanimity than have ever inspired them before. Two thousand of them in one ward who have heretofore voted with the Republican party, have come out for Seymour and Blair. The Radicals may expect to encounter a perfect Waterloo defeat, which will put them *hors de combat*, horse, foot, and dragoon.

The Democratic Convention to nominate a candidate for Representative in Congress from the Eastern Shore District, assembles at Salisbury on the 9th of September. A nomination is equivalent to an election.—Each county, nearly, of the district will present a candidate. Worcester will cast her vote for Levin L. Dirickson, Somerset for Levin L. Waters, Dorchester for Daniel M. Henry, Talbot for Samuel Hambleton, and Queen Anne's for Lloyd Tilghman. Wicomico, Caroline, Kent and Cecil, have no one named.

The recent rise in gold has been attributed, by partizan effrontery, to the probabilities of a fresh revolution to be inaugurated by the Democrats. As well might it have been attributed to the Radical attempt to arm the negroes of the South, and to distribute arms among the "loyal" of the North, with ulterior purposes of bloody revolution. It is more probable, however, that the rise was occasioned by the immense drain upon the country to meet the balance of trade, which is very heavy against us; for we have little else beside coin, now, to pay our balance in Europe with. The great staples of cotton, sugar, molasses. &c. which used to be exported in such quantities from the South, are no longer produced in quantities sufficient to meet our liabilities abroad; while the cereals are produced at so high a figure, on account of the high price of labor and everything else, that American produce cannot enter into successful competition with foreign, in the European markets, unless in times of great scarcity. In addition to these causes, the coin had to be handed over, only a few days since, to the amount of $7,200,000 for Alaska. No wonder that gold should show an upward tendency, when we consider the immense demand for it, and that we have scarcely anything else with which to pay our indebtedness.

WHICH IS THE BEST SEWING MACHINE?—This question has puzzled the public mind about as much, if not a little more, than the inquiry as to "who struck Billy Patterson," or "will saltpetre explode?" or the search after the "North West Passage" to an open polar sea; or the existence of "Simms' Hole," or "which is the best fertilizer?" But the "vexed question" has been solved at last. Wilcox & Gibbs is now conceded to be the best machine ever offered to the public. Persons in want of a good machine should send their orders to the Store of John A. Reynolds & Sons. See advertisement.

THE COMING ELECTIONS.—Four State elections occur in September. Tennessee votes on the 13th, Vermont on the 1st, California on the 8th, and Maine on the 14th. Nebraska, Ohio, Indiana, Pennsylvania, Iowa and West Virginia, vote in October. On the third of November, (the day of the presidential election) New York, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Missouri, Kansas, Nevada and Massachusetts, hold their elections. In the next twelve weeks, therefore, we shall have not less than twenty-three State elections.

The Democratic County Convention will be held at the Court House in New Castle on Saturday, September 5th, at 12 o'clock M. for the purpose of nominating candidates for a Senator and seven Representatives to represent New Castle County in the General Assembly; and also five candidates for Levy Court Commissioners, to be voted for at the approaching general election.

KEEP THE BALL ROLLING.—Appoquinimink started the ball on Saturday last, and St. Georges gives it fresh momentum to-day. A hickory pole will be raised at St. Georges this afternoon at 5 o'clock. Maj. Biggs, Noble T. Biddle, and Albert Constable, Esqrs. are announced as the speakers. The Odessa Band will be in attendance.

DEATH OF HON. THADDEUS STEVENS.—Hon. Thaddeus Stevens, Representative in Congress from Lancaster District of Pennsylvania, died in Washington, at 12 o'clock, p. m. on Tuesday, in the 76th year of his age.

CENTRAL PARK.—Central Park contains not far from one thousand acres of land, and is called by this name from its central position on Manhattan Island, which is really the city of New York. It is, by far, the largest and most perfect park in this country; and while there are parks in Europe with larger area, and finer attractions in the way of foliage and natural curiosities, all persons concede that there is nowhere in the world a more enjoyable place of public resort. For the short period which has elapsed since the first stone was laid in any of the numererous bridges, edifices and walls with which the park abounds, its perfection in all the elements of a pleasure ground for the people is a matter of universal surprise. There are some ten miles of superb driving road, with equestrians and pedestrians almost without extent. The surface is charmingly irregular, giving all varieties of landscape, including hills, valleys, rocks, lakes, streams, water-falls, fountains, grottoes, caves, lawns, woods, etc. etc.

Over Mont Cenis by rail must be quite a new sensation. You travel at twenty miles an hour, at places wheae you can look down 2,000 feet, only a foot of masonry intervening between the abyss and yourself.

Gen. Sheridan has been fined $100 and costs for forcibly ejecting Postmaster Dunn, of Leavenworth, Kansas, and seizing postage stamps and treasury notes, when in command of that Department.

The grasshopper army, which has devastated parts of Iowa for two years, has turned westward again, and passed Council Bluffs on Wednesday, going toward the setting sun.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

MORE RAIL ROAD ACCOMMODATION.—On and after Monday next, 17th, it is proposed to run a passenger car on freight trains between Wilmington and Harrington, each way, daily, Sundays excepted. Going South—Trains leave Wilmington 3 a.m.; New Castle 3.50; Middletown 5.30; Clayton 6.30; (connecting except on Mondays with train from Smyrna) Dover 7.40; Camden 8; Felton 8.40; due at Harrington at 9 a.m. Going North—Leave Harrington 4 p. m.; Felton 4.25; Camden 5.10; Dover 5.40; Moorton 6; Clayton 6.25; Middletown 7.40; New Castle 9; arrive at Wilmington 9.30 p. m. subject to delays incident to freight business. These trains will not stop specially to take up passengers (when there is no freight work to do) at any other station than the above named, but will stop to let off passengers at any stopping place except Hare's Corner, State Road, Delaware Junction and DuPont.

The peach season has fairly commenced. Six hundred baskets passed up the Delaware Railroad on the 7th inst. all from the lower part of the State. None had been shipped, up to that date, from any point on the road above Bridgeville. An average of four hundred boxes a day, equal to eight hundred baskets, are now passing over the road. Prices must continue to rule high, owing to the scarcity. Mr. Edward C. Fenimore shipped 175 baskets of peaches from New Castle wharf on Thursday, for New York, and will continue to pick each day until his crop is all sold. He will have some 6,000 baskets, perhaps the largest yield in the State. Two hundred and twenty-four baskets were shipped from New Castle on that day.

As a fertilizer, BOWERS COMPLETE MANURE has gained a reputation of the highest character, and we learn that it has been in great request; the time is fast approaching when farmers should turn their attention to the selection of the manure they intend employing to insure a good crop of Wheat. We recommend to them the COMPLETE MANURE as being the best adapted to produce the required results.

BASKET MAKING.—A. C. Baldwin is engaged in this business at Townsend. His baskets are made of white oak slips, and are smoothly and substantially put together. He makes all sizes, from the bushel basket down to the smallest in use, and will fill all orders, either for peach baskets, or the ordinary farm baskets. With the assistance of another, he is able to turn out 3,000 baskets per year. The price of his bushel baskets is one dollar each.

Alexander Wilson, Esq. is erecting a handsome new dwelling house, 28 by 46 feet, three stories high, frame, on his farm at Wilson's Point, on the Sassafras river, Kent county, Md. P. C. Strickland of Elkton, contractor. Mr. Wilson is a most successful farmer, and has made his farm like a garden for thorough tillage and fertility.

A violent storm passed over the region about Mount Pleasant, on Friday afternoon of last week. The hail damaged the corn fields considerably; the rail road track was overflowed, and the cars were detained half an hour by the mud and other obstructions deposited upon the track.

James Booth, confined by the judgment of the Court in the insane department of New Castle County Alms House, escaped from that institution, one day last week, and returned to New Castle. He was rearrested by Sheriff Herbert, and taken back to his old quarters.

T. W. Eliason, Esq. has resigned the Presidency of the Kent County Railroad, and William Janvier, Esq. has been elected in his place. Robert Nicholson, Esq. has been elected a Director of said Company, in the place of Hon. George Vickers resigned.

On Thursday next, the 20th inst. the Camp Meeting of the Smyrna Circuit near Blackbird, in Mr. Jacob Hill's woods, four miles from Smyrna, will commence. It is said there will be over sixty tents erected.

D. J. Nowland, Esq. residing near Locust Grove, Kent county, Md. lost a valuable horse, in the field, on the 7th inst. The animal fell dead at the plow. It was insured at $140.

About twelve miles of the Queen Anne's Railroad have been graded. The work, we understand, is progressing finely.

Mr. Horning will be absent from Middletown for a week from next Thursday, at the Smyrna Circuit Camp.

CURIOUS INCIDENT.—A very pretty and curious incident illustrative of the reasoning powers possessed by inferior animals, recently occurred in the case of a canary bird. The door of the bird's cage was occasionally left open, that he might enjoy the freedom of the room. One day he happened to light upon the mantle shelf whereon was a mirror. Here was a new discovery of the most profound interest. He gazed long and curiously at himself, and came to the conclusion that he had found a mate. Going back to his cage he selected a seed from its box, and brought it in its bill as an offering to the stranger. In vain the canary exerted himself to make his new friend partake, and becoming weary of that, tried another tack. Stepping back a few inches from the glass, he poured forth his sweetest notes, pausing now and then for a reply. None came, and moody and disgusted he flew back to his perch, hanging his head in shame and silence for the rest of the day, and although the door was repeatedly left open, he refused to come out again.

Two thousand Germans in one ward in Philadelphia, disgusted with Radicalism, say they will vote for Seymour and Blair.

Petroleum, it is stated by an English paper, has been discovered in county Monaghan, Ireland.

Appoquinimink Awake.

The first meeting of the campaign was held by the Democrats of Appoquinimink and adjoining Hundreds, in the beautiful Grove at Townsend, on Saturday, the 9th instant, when on motion of Mr. Owen C. Crow, Samuel Townsend was called to act as Chairman, and on motion of James B. Hall, Esq. Isaiah Taylor was appointed Vice President, and Nathaniel Williams, Secretary.

With a few preliminary remarks the Chairman introduced Capt. J. M. Barr, who in an eloquent speech gave a history of the rise of the Republican party; compared the principles they avowed to induce men to fight for the Union, with those they hold now when all is for the negro; showed the effects of military rule here during the war, and of negro rule now at the South; he read from the speeches of Clay and Webster these predictions of the actions of the Abolitionists, that have unfortunately proved so true. As an old Whig, he demonstrated that the Whig and Democratic parties were identical, as opposed to the Republican party; pointed out very clearly the true standing of the officers of the government, that they are not the *rulers*, but the servants of the people; proved the nomination of Grant was a hollow show; that negro supremacy was the real question and real candidate: and closed with a stirring appeal for Liberty and Union.

John B. Penington, Esq. followed in a very logical and argumentative address, showing the duty of Americans in this great crisis; that former issues were on questions within the Constitution, but the great issue now was whether we should have a constitution or not. Mr. P. denied the right of secession; that there was no cecession, but a revolution—the revolution being suppressed, the States should have been admitted to their former standing; he exposed the absurdity of the reconstruction laws, which required acts to be done by the States, as such before they could be entitled to the rights of the States; he denounced the infamous attempt now being made in the South to elect Presidential electors by the State Legislatures, which were not chosen for any such purpose. Mr. P. gave a very clear statement of the amount of the national debt, and showed the corruption, and the demoralizing effects of the system of taxation; he compared the two platforms on the question of the payment of the debt; he opposed repudiation, but would pay it not only according to law, but according to equity—as the bondholders gave so should they receive. He held up the inconsistent and traitorous course of the Republican party, showing that President Johnson was consistent and patriotic; he paid a high tribute to the firmness and impartiality of Chief Justice Chase in the impeachment case, and portrayed the greater evils that would have come upon us, had the President been removed.

Complimenting Appoquinimink as the Banner Hundred of the State, he exhorted her to increase her majority, as the only battle in this State would be in this County, and with a very favorable picture of the prospect of the election of Seymour and Blair

Mr. Penington concluded, and was followed in a short speech by Maj. Benjamin T. Biggs, who made a strong appeal to all tax payers,—those taxed on their incomes as well as those taxed on their sugar. muslin, and *matches*,—to throw off the yoke of the Republican party; showed by statements of the Superintendent of the Freedmen's Bureau how some of this raised money was spent; pointed out the effect of negro votes as instanced in South Carolina, where the negroes had the power, but no interest in the government; he proved by the platform adopted by the Republican party at Dover, and by recent events in Wilmington, that not only political but social equality would be granted to the negroes. He abjured all honest Republicans, in view of the deceptions practiced on them by their leaders, to vote the Democratic ticket, in order that peace and prosperity, truth and justice, might again prevail. The Major was particularly happy in many of his hits, and the responses from some of his hearers were equally so.

The Chairman prescuted and read the following resolutions:

The Democracy of Appoquinimink Hundred always mindful of the rights of white men, having seen with abhorrence the attempts of the Republican party to blot out all lines of political and social distinction between the races, do this day unfurl the old banner that our white ancestors fought and bled to establish; and we invite all honorable white men who are opposed to negro franchise and negro equality, to rally with us under that banner, and help hurl from power this mongrel Republican party.

1. *Resolved*, That we heartily ratify and adopt the platform of principles laid down by the New York Democratic Convention.

2. *Resolved*, That we fully ratify and cordially endorse the nomination of Horatio Seymour, as the Democratic candidate for President, and pledge to him the United Democratic support of this Hundred, believing him to be the best statesman of all others for our standard-bearer in this campaign, and that the State of New York had the strongest claim to the candidate; therefore under the lead of Seymour and New York we feel sure the Democratic party will march to certain victory in November.

3. *Resolved*, That we fully endorse the nomiation of F. P. Blair of Mo. for Vice-President, believing him to be both a statesman and a patriot, who periled his life to save the Union for white men, but who left and denounced the Republican party whe they promulgated the doctrine of union with the negro.

4. *Resolved*, That we ratify the nomination of Jacob Richardson for Sheriff, and Lawrence Pendegrass for Coroner, of this County, and we pledge this Hundred to give a greater majority than any other Hundred in the County.

5. *Resolved*, That the thanks of this meeting are hereby tendered to Captain Joseph M. Barr, John B. Penington, Esq. and Major Benjamin T. Biggs for their able speeches delivered on this occasion.

6. *Resolved*, That these proceedings be published in all the Democratic papers of the State.

Which were unanimously adopted.

On motion of Mr. Isaiah Taylor, the meeting adjourned. SAM'L TOWNSEND, Chairman.
NATH'L WILLIAMS, Secretary.

"The War between the States, its Causes, Character, Conduct and Results," by Hon. Alexander H. Stephens, is the title of a valuable work, the first volume of which we have just received from the publishers.

Histories of the late civil war have sprung up like mushrooms, and they can now be numbered almost by the hundreds, but all who are desirous of arriving at a correct understanding of the causes, and a clear history of the events of the late lamentable war, have felt the want of a reliable history of the same from a southern standpoint, by some representative man at the South. This want is about to be supplied by Alexander Stephens. Mr. Stephens was a most earnest protestant against rebellion, and only succumbed at the last moment, when his State, in spite of his warning, committed the great error.

The bare annoucement that this distinguished Statesman had determined to write a book, would of itself, be sufficient to kindle a lively and widespread interest in all sections of the country; but when it is known that he has chosen his theme the one so fruitful as The Late American War, the absorbing interest of the subject, together with the evident and singular fitness of the author for its treatment, unite in awakening a curiosity entirely unparalleled in the annals of American literature.

It presents a careful political analysis of the past, separating real from apparent causes of the late unhappy conflict, and gives those interior lights and shadows of the great war, only known to those high officers, who watched the flood-field of revolution from its fountain-springs, and which were so accessible to Mr. Stephens from his position as a second officer of the Confederacy.

To a public that has been surfeited with apparently similar productions, it presents a change of fare, both agreeable and salutary, and an intellectual treat of the highest order. The Great American War has at last found a historian worthy of its importance, and at whose hands it receives that moderate, candid, and impartial treatment which truth and justice so urgently demand.

This most valuable work is sold only by subscription. and the publishers want an agent in every County.

Cotswold sheep are said to be in greater demand in England now than ever before—at a late sale fifty-five averaged $150 in gold.

Items of News.

The Very Rev. Dr. Benedict J. Spalding, a brother of Archbishop Spalding of Baltimore, and administrator of the Diocese of Louisville, Ky. died in the latter city on the 4th inst. from injuries received from the accidental burning of a mosquito-net on his bed. Deceased was distinguished for his learning, ability and piety.

The marshal of Huntsville, Crawford county, Illinois, on last Friday, accompanied by a posse, attempted to arrest a gang of four robbers. The robbers fired upon them, killing one of the posse, whereupon the marshal and his men rushed upon the scoundrels and killed all of them.

The telegraph lines of England have been purchased by the Government, and the whole telegraph system of the island is to be transferred from private hands to the control of the Government. The telegraph will be a part of the postal service, and will be managed at a much cheaper rate under the new arrangement.

A gentleman in Albany was arrested a few days ago for following a lady on the street. He claimed that a man had a right to admire a handsome woman, let him meet her where he might. The court and the lady herself agreed to this, and the gentleman was discharged.

The Alabama Legislature has adjourned until the first Monday in November, the day before the Presidential election, when it will dispose of the Governor's veto of the bill authorizing the Legistature to cast the electoral vote of the State.

The mistake of a druggist in Waterloo, Indiana, who gave a butcher a poisonous herb when he applied for sage leaves with which to season some sausage meat, made eighty-three persons violently ill. The prompt action of the physicians alone saved many of them from death.

The Chicago Tribune of Saturday says: "The cool weather of the past few days has probably put a stop to the cattle disease, which has undoubtedly been more virulent this year than usual, in consequence of the greater intensity and longer duration of the summer heat."

The First National Bank of Bennington, Vermont, was robbed on Saturday night last. The lock of the vault was picked by burglars, and an unknown amount of bonds belonging to different individuals were stolen. Not much money was obtained.

General Grant is at Galena, and has decided not to accompany the Peace Commission. He expects to leave Galena somewhere about the middle of the month, and to travel Eastward, reaching Washington about the first of September.

A young woman in Chicago successfully prosecuted a rejected admirer as a nuisance. His offence consisted in his teaching half a dozen parrots to screech out in chorus, "Homely Polly, homely Polly; Polly lives across the street."

A woman in Minnesota who had gathered a quantity of potato bugs, burned them in her cooking stove, and while leaning over the stove inhaled poisonous fumes.—She fell to the floor insensible, and died in about ten minutes.

Stephen H. Philips, formerly Attorney General of Massachusetts, now holds the same office in the Sandwich Islands. He gets $10,000 a year in gold, and is a member ex officio of the Legislature.

The Nashville Banner says, the negroes are drilling, arming, and plundering, in that city. Gardens, fruit-trees, meat houses, chicken coops, are stripped, and locks and bolts are no security.

A manufacturing company of Northampton, Mass. has made eight thousand dozen peach baskets since March, which by the partial failure of the crop, are still unsold.

Nineteen hundred sheep, in one flock, were recently driven from Ohio to Kansas, where sheep-breeding and wool-growing are becoming more and more important.

Nearly 3,000 operatives in and around Ellicott City, Md. are out of employment, owing to the destruction of factories and mills by the recent flood.

The Pacific Railroad is now built to a point 750 miles west of Omaha. It is said the whole line will be open for business to the Pacific during 1869.

A man in Malboro', Mass. and two of his sons, have each lost the use of their right eye, the father by disease and the sons by accident.

The Emperor of Brazil, in making his country excursions from his summer palace, rides in a carriage propelled by a steam-engine.

Bayard Taylor will return from Europe in a few weeks to attend the golden wedding of his parents, in Chester county, Pa.

During the month of July twenty-five hundred cases of cholera and nearly fourteen hundred deaths occurred in Havana.

A gentleman of Troy, N. Y. who buried his fifth wife eleven months ago, marrice the sixth last Thursday.

From Spain we have had reports of anticipated insurrections and of famine, and now a financial crisis is feared.

A large number of Swiss farmers are preparing to leave their native country in the fall and emigrate to the United States.

General Butler was thrown from his carriage in Gloucester, Mass. on Sunday evening and severely bruised.

Mike McCoole, the celebrated pugilist, has married a daughter of Daniel Norton, a wealthy contracter of St. Louis.

The alleged plot to burn Nashville seems to have no more substantial foundation than the talk of a monomaniac.

The Philadelphia Methodists are building a marble church on Arch street. It will have a tower 230 feet high.

The Omaha (Nebraska) *Republican*, late a leading Radical paper, has come out for Seymour and Blair.

The disease among cattle is creating much excitement in New York and Pennsylvania.

The St Louis barbers have resolved to close their shops on Sunday hereafter.

Cape May is so crowded that high prices are paid to sleep on the piazza.

The Chinese immigration to California amounts to 1,000 a month.

Clinton, Iowa, has a saw mill that employs one thousand men.

The London Post Office delivers 1,730,000 letters per week.

The profits of the London Times last year were £100,000.

Political Items.

The *Courier des Etats Unis*, of New York, the organ of the French population of this country, says: "The Radicals have had their day and done their work. It is upon the Democratic party that the work devolves of rebuilding where they have cast down, and of reconstituting upon a solid basis the elements of social reorganization which they have sacrificed to a narrow spirit of personal authority."

From one end of the country to the other the cry goes up from the people that we must have a change. The farmers demand a change; the merchants demand a change; the tax-payers demand a change; the laboring people demand a change; the lovers of the Constitution demand a change; the white people say they must and will have a change of administration.

The York Tribune says "the tribute book to the memory of President Lincoln has been printed at a cost to the government of $37.50 per volume. A very large edition has been issued, and a copy is to be sent to every government and nationality in the world." The cost of this job will be over $200,000. This is the way the money goes.

General Butler made a speech in Gloucester, Mass. on Saturday, in which he made the usual denunciation of President Johnson, and expressed himself still in favor of impeachment. He said that he had become friends again with General Grant, and would support him for President.

The Chicago *Times* says General Blair is a tectotaler, and has been for years. He does not drink a drop of intoxicating liquor. So much for an atrocious Radical calumny. And yet Radical temperance men, so called, will vote for Grant in preference.

The Florida Legislature has passed a bill taking the vote for Presidential electors from the people and giving it to the Legislature. A bill was also passed prohibiting distinction on account of color in public conveyances.

The working men of the thirteenth district of Ohio have met in convention, and have endorsed Gen. Morgan for re-election to Congress, and Seymour and Blair for President and Vice-President.

The negro Bradley, late a Senator in Georgia, intends to run for Congress from the same district. He resigned his Senatorship rather than undergo an investigation on a charge of felony.

The Radicals in Convention, on Saturday last, to nominate a judge for the Greenfield District, in Ohio, broke up in a regular riot. "Let us have peace."

Gen. Hancock has written a letter fully endorsing the nomination of Seymour and Blair, and pledging himself to give them a hearty support.

Wade's Cabinet is called second-hand furniture. The vender, however, says the Louisville Democrat, can claim that it has never been used.

The Cattle Disease.

There is danger that the new and fatal malady prevailing to such a lamentable extent among the cattle in Illinois and Indiana may extend eastwardly. Large numbers of the diseased animals, it seems, are being brought east by the railroads.—The Pittsburg journals say that excitement prevails there occasioned by the belief that a number of cattle which had died on the way from Chicago to that place had been dressed and sold to the butchers there, and that others had been killed to prevent their dying of the disease, and also sold in the market. The Chronicle says:

"On Friday last a drove of two hundred cattle were shipped to this point by a prominent Illinois stock dealer, and of that number 39 died on their way hither, and 67 perished in the East Liberty stock-yards. Of a smaller drove shipped to Pittsburg a number died on the way, and ten fell victims to the fatal disease at East Liberty on Saturday last, while, with not a single exception, the animals embraced in the drove were more or less diseased. A lot owned by Mr. Alexander, of Illinois, one of the heaviest stock raisers in the West, arrived here yesterday, and in one car only three beeves were living, the remainder having died between this city and Chicago."

It appears that three car loads of the specially affected lot of two hundred were shipped east before the railroad company were apprised of the true state of things. Large numbers of cattle continue to arrive in the vicinity of New York daily from Chicago, and there is some excitement in the former city about diseased stock. An investigation by a Herald reporter of the slaughter houses at Communipaw, on Saturday, disclosed the fact that most of the meat was diseased. However, Professor Gamgee, of Chicago, some time ago investigated the cause of a disease supposed to be the same as the present one, and reported that there was no danger in eating the meat or drinking the milk. He was formerly principal of the Albert Veterinary College of London, and his investigations were undertaken at the instance of the Chicago Packers Association. As this particular cattle disease was supposed to have been imported to the West by herds of beef cattle from Texas, its ravages having hitherto been confined to where these imported cattle have been domesticated, the Legislature of Illinois lately passed a law in order to prevent the importation of cattle through Kansas and Missouri. The Texas cattle dealers therefore changed the route and brought their herds by way of New Orleans to Cairo and on other points on the Mississippi and Ohio rivers. Wherever these herds were landed and remained to rest from the journey the disease appeared in a short time thereafter, so that there can hardly be any doubt that it originated in Texas, and was imported thence.

MARRIED.

In Wilmington, on the 30th ult. at the Parsonage of the Union M. E. Church, 314 West 7th street, by Rev. W. E. England, Henry C. Glanden, of Summit Bridge, Delaware, and Miss Ella Cook, of New Castle County, Del.

In Middletown, on Wednesday, the 12th, by Rev. John Patton, Thomas Carty and Miss Lydia E. Smith.

DIED.

On Wednesday morning last, at the residence of her son-in-law, James A. Lewis, on Bohemia Manor; Cecil county, Mrs. Sarah Clayton, relict of the late Thomas Clayton, Esq. aged about 80 years.

SEWING MACHINES.

WILCOX & GIBBS'

TWISTED LOOP-STITCH

FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.

THE BEST FAMILY SEWING MACHINES IM THE WORLD.

OBVIOUS REASONS WHY THE

WILCOX & GIBBS

Family Sewing Machines

ARE BECOMING SO POPULAR:

FIRST, Because they make the "TWISTED LOOP-STITCH," which is the most Beautiful, Elastic, and Durable Stitch known.

SECOND, Because they are adapted to the Greatest Range of Work, and will use either Cotton, Silk, or Linen Thread successfully.

THIRD, Because they are Perfectly Simple in their Construction; and will Hem, Fell, Stitch, Bind, Cord, Tuck, Gather, and Embroider, in the most perfect manner.

FOURTH, Because they use but One Spool, and are found Competent when all others Fail.

Read the following Statements of Facts and Commendations of Individuals and of the Press in Regard to the

WILCOX & GIBBS

Family Sewing Machines.

From the Superintendant of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad.

ALTOONA, Pa. Sept 14, 1865.

One of your Sewing Machines has been used in my family for several years. For simplicity and mechanical accuracy of construction, I have seen no Sewing Machine equal to it. The speed and correctness with which it does its work are admirable. It has given and continues to give us entire satisfaction. ENOCH LEWIS.

DOVER, Sept. 12th, 1685.

Messrs. Wilcox & Gibbs.—Gentlemen:—Having had eighteen months' experience with your Family Sewing Machine, I take pleasure in saying that it has given perfect satisfaction. It has been the means of selling several in this locality. D. F. BURTON.

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN. Jan. 20th 1859.—"The simplicity and accuracy of its mechanism prevent its dropping stitches, to which many other machines are liable, and which has hitherto brought the "chain stitch" into disrepute. One cannot but admire the beauty and accuracy of its movements, and the entire absence of all noise, even when running at the rate of 2000 stitches and upward per minute. This alone must prove a great recommendation to it. Another merit is the good workmanship. The parts are made interchangeable, so that in the event of accident to the machine, any part can be replaced, at a trifling cost. It is, indeed, a "mechanical wonder—a household necessity!"

PHILADELPHIA PRESS, 1860.—"The unparalleled success which has attended the introduction of the Wilcox & Gibbs Sewing Machine is a sure guarantee of its merits."

WILCOX & GIBBS

FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.

REFERENCES.

The following are names of persons in this neighborhood, whom we give as references, who have had the Wilcox & Gibbs Sewing Machines in use for some time:

Misses Blackiston.	Mrs. Benj. Armstrong.
Mrs. William Green.	Mrs. T. S. Bowers.
Mrs. J. B. Clarkson.	Mrs. H. Vanderford.
Mrs. R. A. Cochran, Jr.	Mrs. S. M. Reynolds.

CASH PRICES.

No. 1. Ornamental Iron Stand, Walnut Top, (oiled.) with Hemmer and Feller,	$56
No. 2. On Ornamental Iron Stand, Walnut Top, with Drawer and Lock,	56
No. 3. On Ornamemtal Iron Stand, with Polished Mahogany or Walnut Top and Drawer, with Hemmer and Feller.	58
No. 4. Walnut Half Case, (oiled,) with Hemmer and Feller,	65
No. 5. Extra Half Case, "with Work Box. Hemmer and Feller,	68
No. 6. Walnut Half Case, (oiled,) with Fancy Work Box, Hemmer and Feller,	70
No. 7. Mahogany Half Case, (Polished,) with Hemmer and Feller,	76
No. 8. Full Cabinet-Case Mahogany or Walnut with Hemmer and Feller,	100

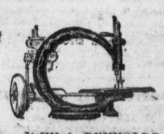
Those wishing a first class Sewing Machine, would do well to call and examine the

Wilcox & Gibbs

TWISTED LOOP-STITCH

FAMILY SEWING MACHINES,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND FOR SALE BY



JOHN A. REYNOLDS & SONS,

August 15—1y Middletown, Del.

The Middletown Transcript

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,
BY HENRY VANDERFORD.

☞ Office corner Main and Scott streets, over D. L. Dunning's Book and Variety Store.

TERMS.—$2.00 per annum, *payable in advance.* Single copies five cents.

ADVERTISING RATES.—One square of ten lines, $1 for the first insertion and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion. One square one year $10; six months $6. For a quarter of a column three months $8; six months $15; one year, with the privilege of four changes, $25; for half a column $50. Fractions of a square to be counted as a square. When the number of insertions is not marked, advertisements will be continued until forbid, and charged accordingly. Obituaries published at advertising rates; Marriages and Deaths inserted free. Yearly advertisers must confine their advertisements to their own business.

☞ All letters should be addressed to THE MIDDLETOWN TRANSCRIPT, Middletown, Del.

THE MARKETS.

MIDDLETOWN MARKET.

Wheat, prime red	$2 20
Corn yellow	1 20
" white	1 15
Oats	60
Timothy Seed	3 75
Clover Seed	8 00
Eggs	25 cts ℔ dozen
Butter	35@40 cts. ℔ lb
Chickens (Live Spring)	18@20 " "
Lard	19@20 " "
Hogs	10@15 " "
Beef	20@25 " "
Hams	23@27 " "
Sides	19@20 " "
Shoulders	16@18 " "
Potatoes	1 00@1 25 ℔ bush

PHILADELPHIA.

Prime red wheat	$2 35@2 43
Corn, new yellow	1 27
Oats	80@88

WILMINGTON.

Wheat red	$2 25
Corn	1 25
Oats	1 00
Flour	$11 00@16 00

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS, and CATARRH treated with the utmost success, by J ISAACS, M. D and Professor of Diseases of the Eye and Ear, in the Medical College of Pennsylvania, 12 years experience, (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) No. 805 Arch Street, Phila. Testimonials can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial eyes inserted without pain. No charge for examination.

TO THE PUBLIC.

INTERESTED parties having circulated reports in New Castle and adjoining counties, depreciating the character of Rhodes' Super Phosphate as a Fertilizer (in consequence of the recent reduction in price of same,) we beg leave to lay before our patrons and the public generally, the following letter from Messrs. Yarnall & Trimble, General Agents for this Standard Manure, in Philadelphia:

PHILADELPHIA, Aug 11, 1868,

Mr. E. T. Evans, Middletown, Del.

Dear Sir:—Your favor of date is just to hand. We note, with surprise, that there prevails with you a rumor that Messrs. Potts & Klett have sold out to other parties. This is a falsehood made out of the "whole cloth." Messrs. Potts & Klett have not sold out; neither do they intend to do so. On the contrary, they have so increased their facilities for making the Rhodes Super Phospate, that they are enabled to make it at less cost than any other manufacturers, and in consequence, have been able to reduce the price and still furnish an article fully equal to their former High Standard, and at the same time, in a condition for drilling superior to any article of the kind in the market.

We cannot conceive how the report has been circulated in your neighborhood, or who the authors of it are. We suppose, however, it was originated by some interested party, who, perhaps, is not able to produce so good an article, even at a higher price. Please contradict the report flatly, and at all times, and oblige

Yours, truly,
YARNALL & TRIMBLE,
General Agents for Rhodes' Manure.

RHODES' SUPER PHOSPHATE in Bags or Barrels, delivered at any point on the Del. R. R. Chesapeake or Delaware waters, at $50 per ton.
E. T. EVANS,
Aug. 15-3t Sole Agent, Middletown, Del.

Builders, Take Notice!!

FOUR HUNDRED THOUSAND feet of WHITE PINE and HEMLOCK TIMBER, For Sale, consisting of 1st, 2d, and 3d COMMON INCH BOARDS. Also, three grades of

WHITE PINE FLOORING.

A large lot of

1½ and 2-Inch Pine Plank.

HEMLOCK JOICE AND STUDDING,
HEMLOCK BILL STUFF,
AND SHEATHING,
HEMLOCK FENCING, (¼ INCH.)

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND NO 1 WHITE PINE SHINGLES.

For Sale by WILLIAM LINDSEY,
Aug. 15—3m. Chesapeake City, Md.

NFWARK ACADEMY

NEWARK, DELAWARE,

PROF. EDWARD D. PORTER, A. M.
PRINCIPAL.

A first-class Boarding School for

BOYS AND YOUNG MEN.

[Founded in 1749.]

Fall session begins September 2d. For full information send for circular. Aug. 15-3m

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

ONE HUNDRED TONS of the celebrated "SUGAR NOTCH" LEHIGH COAL now unloading at New Castle, and will be ready for delivery on Monday next, the 17th instant. The continued strikes in the mining regions have already advanced the Price of Coal, and give promise of High Rates the coming season. Now is the time, therefore, for Consumers to lay in a supply. E. T. EVANS,
Aug. 15—tf Middletown, Del.

A RARE CHANCE.

THE undersigned, being unable to obtain a Dwelling House in this place, for himself and family, offers his entire Stock of Goods, at private sale. The business has been and now is improving. A. W. SPARKS,
August 15—tf. Warwick, Md.

NOTICE.

MY wife, Fanny Snodell, having left my bed and board without just cause or provocation this is to warn all persons from trusting her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting. JOHN SNODELL.
Aug 15—3w.

A Chance for a Bargain.

MRS. S. M. HATCH, Middletown, Del. offers her entire stock of MILLINERY GOODS for sale. Price $1,000. A First Class Sewing Machine will be included. This is a fine opportunity to secure a Good Business Stand and a Lucrative Business. Aug. 15—tf.

E. R. COCHRAN,

DEALER IN

GRAIN, LIME,
FERTILIZERS, &c.
Middletown, Delaware.

WILL pay the highest cash prices for all kinds of Grain. Will sell Lime as low as the lowest. Will sell No. 1

PERUVIAN GUANO,
$90 per Ton.
Ellis' Fertilizer,
$56 per Ton.
RHODES' PHOSPHATE,
$50 per Ton.
BAUGH'S RAW BONE PHOSPHATE,
$56 per Ton.
BAUGH'S CHICAGO BONE,
$50 per Ton.
Baugh's Chicago Blood Manure,
$50 per Ton.

SOLE AGENT, at MIDDLETOWN, for the KING of Super Phosphates, viz:—MORO PHILLIPS, GENUINE IMPROVED. The BEST Phosphate for the money in this or any other market. The Price is not reduced, and neither is the quality of the Manure. The retail price is $56 per ton—$6 in a ton of Phosphate is a small item, when we consider that one extra peck of wheat to the acre, at present prices, will more than pay the extra $6, applying the Phosphate at the rate of 200 lbs to the acre. I will guarantee it to make the extra peck of wheat, over any other Phosphate, and also to make a heavier growth of grass after the wheat than any other. It contains more No. 1 Peruvian Guano—less sand and less plaster than some others, therefore has more strength.

That all I have said in favor of Moro Phillips' Phosphate is true, requires only one trial to convince the most sceptical. I would refer persons in doubt to John P. Cochran, Esq. who uses fifty tons each fall, or to Wm. Wood, or Wm. R Cochran, both of whom have given it a fair trial side by side with other Phosphates.

A liberal deduction in price will be made to cash dealers or consumers of large quantities.

Of the Raw Bone Phosphates Baugh's Commercial Manures have proved to be the best in the market. Farmers should use the best, and get their money back with compound interest.

Phosphates delivered free of freight, at any station on the Delaware Rail Road, or at any landing on the Delaware or Chesapeake waters, in quantities of 5 tons or upwards.

A liberal deduction to clubs. Send in your orders early.
August 8, 1868.—3m.

INDEX OFFICE, WARRENTON, VA.
August 8th, 1868.

DEAR SIR:—I wrote you last year in regard of your Phosphate, and bought a ton, which I sowed on ten acres of wheat, I also purchased other Fertilizers, and put the same quantity on. I have just thrashed my wheat, and delivered it at the depot. I hauled with a two horse wagon, twenty-four bushels at a load, and the wheat with your Phosphate on it, weighed, (the 24 bushels,) 149 lbs. more than the other. The consequence is, you will sell this fall, a large quantity in this neighborhood, as a great many have come to me for your address. Send me some pamphlets, and I will distribute them for you.
Yours, J. W. FINKS.

FARMS!! FARMS!!

FOR SALE, THREE FARMS.

No. 1 A farm situated on the road from Sudlersville to Church Hill, and within two miles of the latter place, containing 160 ACRES, nearly all arable. This farm is well located, being near a public School, a Church, and good Flouring Mill, and is a very desirable property, the land being high and susceptible of the highest improvement, at small expense.

No. 2 Is situated within three miles of Chestertown, and also within three miles of Rolph's wharf, and not more than two miles from Deep Landing, where grain or any other produce can be sent away, either by steamboat or sail vessels, and contains about 200 ACRES, this farm is located on a good county road, and the land is high and of a very superior quality.

No. 3 Is within two and a half miles of Sudlersville, and lying immediately on a public road and contains about 280 ACRES, and would divide to advantage if desirable into two farms.

All three farms have buildings and are now occupied, and being cultivated.

Possession will be given at the end of the year, or sooner if necessary. The terms can be made easy to suit purchasers. Persons wishing to purchase had better apply at once to
LEMUEL ROBERTS,
Near Crumpton, or Sudlersville, Md.
August 8—tf.

FOR SALE.

75,000 Healthy Peach Trees

EMBRACING all the choice market and family varieties.

Hale's Early,	Red Rareripe,
Troth's Early,	Stump the World,
Early York,	Crawford's Late,
Crawford's Early,	Ward's Late,
Moore's Favorite,	Smock Free,
Mary's Choice,	Crocket White,
Mixon Free,	Vandyke's Favorite,
Reeves' Favorite,	Last of the Season.

Will be ready for planting in the fall of 1868, or Spring of 1869. Apply to
E. R. COCHRAN, or
CHARLES ADAMS.
August 8—6m. Middletown, Del.

Wesleyan Female College,

WILMINGTON, DELAWARE.

THIS institution offers superior advantages for the thorough and complete education of young ladies.

The next annual session will begin on September 10th, 1868. For information or catalogues, address
Rev. JOHN WILSON, A. M. Pres't,
August 1—1m.

Stockholders' Notice.

THE Stockholders of the Middletown Hall Company, are respectively notified that prompt payment of instalments due, must be made as the erection of the building is rapidly progressing, and the money to meet the necessary liabilities must now come forward. Payments to be made to J. R. Hall, Esq. Treasurer, at Citizens' National Banking House. By order of Board of Directors. J. THOMAS BUDD,
July 4-tf Secretary.

BOOT & SHOE MAKING.

JAMES H. COLLINS, respectfully informs the public that he has taken the Shop at the corner of Broad and Lake streets, nearly opposite the Academy, in MIDDLETOWN, and is prepared to manufacture Boots and Shoes to order. Special attention given to repairing, and all work finished with neatness and despatch. He respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.
August 1—1m.

GO TO DEAKYNE'S

FOR everything that is nice, in the way of fresh family Loaf Bread, Fancy Cakes, superior Confectionery, Ice Cream, &c. Parties supplied with Cake, Confectionery, Ice Cream &c. to order, at shortest notice. Go to Deakyne's for everything that is nice.
J. B. DEAKYNE,
August 8—5m. Middletown, Del.

James H. Frazer, M. D.
GLASGOW, DEL.

OFFERS his professional services to the public. Office at the residence of R. M. Black Esq.
Jan. 4—y.

A MOST VALUABLE FARM AT TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Kent County, sitting in Equity, the undersigned, as Trustee, will, on

Tuesday, the 11th day of August, 1868,

AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK, A. M.

offer at Public Sale, at the Voshell House in Chestertown, the Very Highly Improved Farm, known as the

"MONEY FARM,"

situated in the First Election District of Kent county, Maryland, on the public road leading from Millington to Massey's and Sassafras, adjoining the property of William Cacy, Esq. and Col. Richard C. Johnson. This farm contains

180 ACRES OF LAND,

more or less, all of which is excellent farming land, in the HIGHEST STATE OF IMPROVEMENT. It is divided into five fields, all under good fencing and well watered. The soil is well adapted to the growth of fruit and grain. There is a thriving

ORCHARD OF 1,000 PEACH TREES,

three years old last Spring, and also a small Orchard of Apple Trees of choice varieties.

This farm is truly a very desirable one, being in a healthy, thriving neighborhood, convenient to Churches, Schools, Mills, &c. within three-quarters of a mile of Massey's and three of Millington, and near the line of the Kent County R. R. as now located.

THE IMPROVEMENTS ARE A FRAME DWELLING

and the usual out-buildings, all in good repair.

Possession to be given on the first day of January, 1869.

TERMS OF SALE:

The terms of sale as prescribed by the Decree are as follows:—One-fifth of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale: one-fourth of the balance on the eleventh day of August, 1869, and the balance in three equal instalments of two, three and four years from day of sale. The credit payments to be secured by Bond with security approved by the Trustee. Purchaser to pay for all stamps.

D. JAMES BLACKISTON,
Trustee.
Aug. 1-ts. Chestertown, Md.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE undersigned will offer at public sale at the Voshell House in Chestertown on

Tuesday, the 18th day of August, 1868,

at 11 o'clock, A. M. the farm on which he now resides known as the

"TURNER FARM,"

situate in Kent county, Md. about five miles from Chestertown, adjoining the lands of Mrs. D. Turner, Messrs. Fennimore & Chatam and others,

Containing 301¾ Acres.

This farm is level, free from gullies or ditches, and there is not an inch of waste land on it. The soil is equal to any in the county, and very susceptible of improvement. There have been four fields heavily dressed with Bone Phosphate with 1,500 bushels of ashes in the last three years. There are Posts, Chestnut Rails and Pine Plank enough to make 200 panels of fence, which will put the fencing in good order. A well of good water in the yard.

This farm is in a fine, thrifty neighborhood, convinient to churches, school and mills, half-mile from navigation, and only one-quarter of a mile from a depot on the Kent County R. R. now under contract. The soil is not surpassed by any farm in the State for the production of wheat, corn, fruits and grass, and will divide nicely into two farms.

THE DWELLING

is of Brick, two stories, in good order. Outbuildings ordinary.

TERMS—One-fourth cash; the balance in one, two, three and four years.
Aug. 1-ts C. C. SMITH.

JOHN McLEAR & SON,

BANKERS,

WILMINGTON, DEL.

MONEY RECEIVED ON DEPOSIT, payable on demand, and interest allowed.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

BOUGHT and SOLD, at current market rates.

GOLD AND GOLD COUPONS,

Bought at highest prices.

Notes, Drafts, and Interest,

Collected and remitted promptly.

Stocks and Loans

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Applications in person or by letter, promptly and fully answered.

☞ Correspondence invited.
JOHN McLEAR & SON,
Bankers,
Aug. 1—6mo. Wilmington, Del.

TO THE FARMING COMMUNITY.

THE subscriber respectfully calls the attention of the Farmers of New Castle co. Del. and Cecil and Kent counties, Md. to the following list of standard Fertilizers, always kept on hand, and furnished to order, at any station on the Delaware Railroad, or on Chesapeake and Delaware Waters.—Viz:

RHODES' SUPER PHOSPHATE,
Moro Phillips' Super Phosphate,
Whann's Super Phosphate,
Croasdale's Super Phosphate,
HEWES' SUPER PHOSPHATE,
COE'S SUPER PHOSPHATE,
Berger and Butz' Super Phosphate
BAUGH'S SUPER PHOSPHATE,
BAUGH'S CHICAGO BONE,
PERUVIAN GUANO,
PACIFIC GUANO,
RODUNDA GUANO.

E. T. EVANS,
Opposite Depot, Middletown, Del.
July 18—tf

Farmers, Your Attention!!

NOTICE that the PENINSULAR MACHINE WORKS have "resumed labor," and particular attention will be given to repairing Pennington & Hussey's Reapers, Horse Rakes, Threshers, and Horse Powers of all kinds. A lot of Superior Reapers on hand. Farmers, look to your interests, and purchase Reliable Machinery "made at home," where you can have your repairing done promptly and reliably, and at the shortest notice. ☞ All work warranted equal to any offered, J. THOS. BUDD,
July 25-tf Agent.

CHATSWORTH HILL

Select Boarding and Day School

For Young Ladies,

188 FRANKLIN ST. BALTIMORE, MD.

MRS. P. L. EICHELBERGER AND MISS. A. E. HASSON, PRINCIPALS.

THE location selected for this School is in an agreeable, healthy and retired part of the city. The building, furnished with all the modern improvements, such as water, gas, baths, &c. and having a large and well shaded yard attached, is admirably adapted to the purposes of the Institution.

The School rooms will be fitted up in the most modern style and every arrangement will be made to secure the comfort and advancement of the pupils.

TERMS FOR BOARDING PUPILS.

Board and Tuition in English, French and Latin.....$500 00

No extras except Pew-rent and Washing.

Each pupil is required to be furnished with towels, table napkins, fork, spoon and napkin-ring all of which, as well as wearing apparel, must be marked with the owner's name.

TERMS FOR DAY SCHOLARS.

Tuition in English, French and Latin $125 00
Music and German at Professors' prices.
Use of Piano $5 00 per quarter

The School will continue in session from the 10th of September to the 25th of June. A recess of ten days will be given at Christmas and also at Easter. Payments to be made strictly in advance. The bills will be rendered semi-annually, at the commencement of the term, or on entrance, and on the 1st of February. A punctual attendance at the opening of School is especially requested. Pupils may enter at any period of the year, but they will be expected to remain to the close of the School year, and if removed before that time full payment will be required.

REFERENCES:

Rev. James Graham, Winchester, Va.; Rev. T. W. Dosh, do.; Rev. Wm. Eggleston, do.; H. M. Brent, Esq. do.; Robert B. Wolfe, Esq. do.; Wm. B. Baker, Esq. do.; O. M. Brown, Esq. do. Hon. H. McCullough, Elkton, Md.; Rev. H. Mathews, do.; Rev. P. B. Sadtler, D. D., Lutherville, Md.; Rev. D. Bittle, Roanoke College, Va.; Prof. C. S. Wells, do.; Rev. J. J. Miller, Staunton, Va.; Col. George Baylor, do.: Baker Bros. do.; J. F. Hite, Esq., Middletown, Va.; Mark Bird, Esq. Woodstock, Va.; Dr. J. R. Dunbar, Baltimore, Md.; Wm. M. Busey, Esq., do.; H. Vanderford, Miedletown, Del.
July 25—10w.

A BOOK FOR EVERY CITIZEN AND POLITICAL STUDENT.

DEMOCRACY
In the United States.

What it has done, What it is doing, and What it will do.

BY. HON. RANSOM H. GILLET,

Formerly Member of Congress from St. Lawrence county, N. Y. more recently Registrar and Solicitor for the United States Treasury Department and Solicitor for the United States in the Court of Claims, etc. Dedicated, by special permission, to Hon. Horatio Seymour, and written under the advice and with the concurrence of leading Democratic Statesmen. In one elegant volume, large 12mo. of over 400 pages, bound in extra cloth, and containing splendid Portraits, on steel, of Jefferson and Jackson. Price $2.00. Mailed, post-paid, to any part of the United States, on receipt of the price.

THIS admirable work contains a complete and spirited history of the Democratic party, from its origin down to the present time. It depicts the devotion of the Democratic party to the Constitution and the laws, in all the crises and emergencies of the country. It traces the conflict between Federalism and Democracy, and contends that the Democratic party has always been true to the Union, whether disunion was threatened by Northern Federalists, or Southern Secessionists. It gives a history of every interesting incident and event in each of the political parties. It gives eminently interesting sketches of every Democratic Statesman. The book, in brief, is a vast repertory of political and historical facts, of profound interest to every citizen, and of value to every politician for reference.

The author's experience dates far back into the early portion of the century; he was an associate of Silas Wright; he enjoyed the confidence and friendship of Jackson, Van Buren, Polk, Taylor, Fillmore, Pierce, and Buchanan, and, probably better than any man living, is acquainted with what the internal workings of parties have been for the last fifty years.

Agents wanted to sell this book in every part of the Union. Clubs and Democratic organizations will be supplied at special rates.

D. APPLETON & Co. Publishers,
90, 92 & 94 Grand St. New York.
July 25—3w.

ATTENTION FARMERS.

THOMAS T. Enos and James M. Cheffins, having purchased the exclusive right, for the season, to manufacture and sell

Foster's Phosphate Attachment,

FOR DRILLING FERTILIZERS

in the State of Delaware, and East Maryland, are now prepared to fill orders for this justly celebrated machine. Having been improved by the New Cast Iron Bottom, with thumb screws to regulate it in sowing the desired quantity, it remedies all defects of the last year, and only needs a fair trial to guarrantee success.

Farmers who have drilled their Phosphates by its use, prefer it to *all other Fertilizer Drills in the market*. It will sow just the quantity you want. It is adjusted so that damp phosphates will not clog it. It is simple and not liable to get out of order. It may be attached to any seed drill ordinarily used. It has been in use only one season, and it speaks for itself.

READ THE FOLLOWING OPINIONS:

Rev. Bishop Scott, says: "I like it, and use it."

David Stewart, M. D. of Port Pen, Del. says: "This drill of Foster's is a God-send to me."

Henry C. Walker, of McDonough, Del. says: "It has proved very satisfactory, it does the work very well, with your improved adjustable bottom, regulated by two thumb screws, you have in my opinion a *perfect machine*."

Stringer L. Tinley, Jr. says: "I would not part with mine for many times the cost of it, provided I could not get one made on the same principle."

R. McKee, of Middletown, Del. says: "It acted admirably, the improvement invented by yourself, makes the arrangement so simple, that the dullest must be convinced of its perfection and complete manner of working."

We also beg leave to refer to the following gentlemen, who are acquainted with the working of the improved Bottom:—Thos. F. Dilworth, Joseph Cleaver, J. J. Janvier, J. R. Williams, S. F. Shallcross, Thos. Cochran, Henry Jones, Joseph Roberts, and Jas. Budd.

We are prepared to put new bottoms to drills sent out last year.

Price of New Attachment $50 00.
Terms cash on delivery.
Please send your orders to Enos and Cheffins, Odessa Del. T. T. ENOS.
J. M. CHEFFINS,
ODESSA, Del. July 18—2m

NOTICE.

AN Instalment, of one Dollar per Share upon the Capital Stock of the Middletown Hall Company will be due, and payable to John R. Hall, Esq. on Monday, August 24th, 1868. As the work is now rapidly progressing, prompt payments will be required to meet coming liabilities.

By order of the Board,
J. THOMAS BUDD,
July 18—4w Secretary.

Cedar Shingles, Siding, and Rails,

FOR Sale.—Cedar Shingles, Siding and Rails, of prime quality, for sale, near Taylor's Bridge, Appoquinimink Hundred, New Castle county, Del. Apply to
Aug. 1-3m. ROBERT JOHNSON.

SCOWDRICK & MOORE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRY GOODS AND GROCERY DEALERS,

RESPECTFULLY announce to their friends and the public generally, that they have just received and are constantly receiving direct from the Importers and Jobbers a large and splendid stock of Spring and Summer Goods of the latest Styles and Patterns, consisting in part of

Fine French Cloths,
French and Doeskin Cassimers,
Ladies' Fine Cloaking Cloths.

DRESS GOODS,

OF EVERY VARIETY SUCH AS

MOHAIR'S, POPLINS, ALPACAS &c.

OF ALL COLORS.

BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED MUSLINS

of the best standard make.

A LARGE STOCK OF

WHITE GOODS AND TRIMMINGS,
Hosiery, Gloves, Notions, &c.
HATS AND CAPS.
Groceries, Hardware, Queensware &c.

in fact everything usually kept in a first class Country Store, and at the very lowest prices the markets can afford.

We have also bought of Mr. D. McKee, his entire stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

OF HIS OWN MANUFACTURE,

which in connection with our General Stock will be offered at greatly reduced prices.

Thankful for your heretofore bounteous patronage, we hope by strict attention to business to share a continuance of the same.

On account of the Credit System being so thoroughly reduced among the Wholesale Dealers and Jobbers, our TERMS will be hereafter 6 months credit, or 5 per cent off for cash.

SCOWDRICK & MOORE.
May 2-y Middletown, Del

ABUGH'S
COMMERCIAL MANURES.

ON EVERY PACKAGE.

BAUGH & SONS, Philada.

AND

NORTH WESTERN FERTILIZING Co.

Chicago,

Sole Manufacturers,

PRICES.

BAUGH'S RAW BONE PHOSPHATE,
$56 per 2000 pounds.
BAUGH'S CHICAGO BONE FERTILIZER,
$50 per 2000 pounds.
BAUGH'S CHICAGO BLOOD MANURE,
$50 per 2000 pounds.

The above Manures are furnished in both bags and barrels, whichever customers perfer. The bags are uniform in weight 160 pounds.

The attention of Farmers is especially directed to the fact that the sources of the Raw Material of which the above Manures are composed, are so well under control that we can furnish them of strictly uniform quality and condition, and that they contain a larger percentage of ammonia than any other class of manufactured manures in the market.

BAUGH & SONS,
20 S. Delaware Avenue,
PHILADELPHIA.

NORTH WESTERN FERTILIZING CO.,
Cor. Lake & Lasalle Sts.
CHICAGO.

☞ BAUGH'S COMMERCIAL MANURES may be procured from dealers in any of the principal towns in the United States or Dominion of Canada.
June 20—m

NEWARK MACHINE WORKS.

THE DIAMOND STATE
Thresher and Cleaner

WE call the attention of Farmers to our improved Diamond State Thresher and Cleaner, with double acting Separator. The practical operation of these machines is such as will warrant us in advising those wanting Threshers and Cleaners to examine ours before purchasing elsewhere. We manufacture three sizes, No. 1, 36 inch cylinder, No. 2, 30 inch cylinder, No. 3, 26 inch cylinder. They are of the best materials and workmanship, and

Warranted to Suit Purchasers.

Large or small powers can be used to drive them as desired. Galvanized sheet iron is used for Seives and Shaker bottoms. They are unequaled in strength; durability and ease of running, doing their work rapidly and in the best manner. The machine is a model of simplicity in its construction and operation, and the price of it below that of others in the market. The double shaker separates all the grain from the straw, none is wasted, and the crimped sieves and the peculiar motion of the fan shoe makes it a cleaner unsurpassed. The shoe can easily be detached from the separator and the machine used as a Thresher and Separator alone. Two and three Horse Endless Chain Railway Powers with steel bearings—Pelton and other Lever Powers. Send for a circular.

Address— CASHO & Co. Newark, Del.
May 23—3m Joel Pusey, General Agt.

Rhodes! Rhodes! Rhodes!!

Price Reduced to $50 per Ton.

TO meet the recent decline in Grain, and induce a larger consumption in this region, the price of Rhodes' Standard Manure has been reduced to $50 per ton of 2000 lbs.

The quality of this Manure has not deteriorated, being better now than it was thirteen years ago.

It is always dry and suitable for drilling.

All that is asked for Rhodes, is to try it alongside any other Fertilizer in the American market, and note the result in the quantity and quality of the grain at Harvest, and the subsequent growth of clover or other crop.

Put up in bags or barrels, and sold by the subscriber at Middletown, Del.—on Chesapeake and Delaware Canal, and on Chesapeake and Delaware waters, at $50 per ton, clear of freight.

Send in your orders early, as the supply is limited. E. T. EVANS.
July 18—tf. Middletown, Del.

G. & H. BARMORE,

PIANO FORTE

MANUFACTURERS,

Ware-rooms, 348 Bleecker Street, New York City.

32 Years Established, and 27 Prize Medals Awarded.

Our Piano Fortes are now universally acknowledged by the most discriminating artistes to be the BEST manufactured, and wherever they have been introduced and used, we are not required to say one word in their favor, their excellence stands pre-eminently to those of other makers; and from the great success achieved, and improvements made by us in the last thirty years, we can afford to sell a first-class Piano Forte at $100 to $150 less than a similar one can be bought elsewhere

Every Piano Forte Warranted for 5 Years, and to give Satisfaction.

Our Pianos are made to last; them aterials used for every part are thoroughly seasoned, and of the very best quality that can be procured. No part is slighted; wuse the public eye might pass over, never escapes our vigilance. Every part, inside and out, is honestly, faithfully and thoroughly made, so that it will bear the most minute examination. They differ from the loud, coarse tone of most pianos, (which is bad in the beginning, and grows worse every day,) in smuch as it is refined and delicate, pure in its vibrations, delightful in its singing capacity, and has all the power necessary to produce every desired effect.

They are, without doubt, the best, the most lasting, and consequently the cheapest. We are content with a fair profit. Our prices range from $300 to $600.00.

OSBORN MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
109 Bleecker Street, N. Y

"OSBORN" BIRD AND ANIMAL CAGES.

Manufactured solely by this Company at Bridgeport, Conn. under Letters of Patent of the United States.

These Cages are of a great variety of styles and finish, and include

Canary, Parrot, Mocking Bird, Squirrel &c.

They are finished in a superior manner; NO PAINT OR ANY VARNISHES—which is so fatal to birds and animals—being used in their construction. THEY ARE VERMIN PROOF. Bird Fanciers will appreciate these points of excellence, to be found in no other Cages. They received the highest premium at the American Institute and New York State Fairs of 1867.

Liberal discount to the Trade. Send for Circular and Price List. 4 mos.

Delaware Rail Road Line.

Summer Arrangement.

ON and after MONDAY, June 8th, 1868. Passenger Trains will run as follows, until further notice:

Train leaving Crisfield 2.45 A. M. will run every morning, except Monday. All other Trains Sundays excepted.

NORTH.			
Leave Crisfield,	2 45 A. M.		1 30 A. M.
" Marion,			8 00
" Kingston,			8 20
" Westover,			8 45
" Prin. Anne,	3 30		9 20
" Eden			9 45
" Forktown			10 05
" Salisbury	4 05		10 30
" Delmar			10 45
" Laurel	4 30		11 05
" Seaford	4 45		11 30
" Bridgeville	5 00		11 50
" Greenwood			12 00 M.
" Farmington			12 15 P. M.
" Harrington	5 30	7 00 A. M.	12 35
" Felton		7 15	12 50
" Plymouth		7 20	1 00
" Canterbury		7 20	1 00
" Wil. Grove		7 25	1 05
" Camden		7 35	1 15
" Dover	6 05	7 50	1 30
" Moorton		8 05	1 45
" Brenford		8 10	1 55
" Smyrna		8 05	1 50
" Clayton	6 30	8 20	2 05
" Sassafras R'd		8 25	2 10
" Blackbird		8 35	2 20
" Townsend		8 40	2 30
" Middleto'n	7 05	9 00	2 45
" Mt Pleasant		9 10	2 55
" St Georges		9 25	3 10
" Bear		9 35	3 25
" New Castle	7 45	9 55	3 45
Arrive Wilm.	8 03 A. M.	10 15	4 05
" Philad'a	9 30 "	11 45 A. M.	5 40 P.M.
" Baltimore	1 15 P. M	1 15 P. M.	8 00 "

SOUTH.			
Leave Philad'a		11 00 P. M.	8 30 A. M. 5 00 P. M.
" Baltimore		9 00	7 25 2 15
" Wilm		12 25 A. M.	10 10 6 25
" New Castle	12 45		10 30 6 45
" Bear			10 50 7 00
" St Georges			11 00 7 15
" Mt Pleasant			11 15 7 30
" Middleto'n	1 35		11 35 7 50
" Townsend			11 45 8 00
" Blackbird			11 50 8 05
" Sassafras			12 00 M. 8 15
" Clayton	2 05		12 05 P. M. 8 20
Arrive Smyrna			12 15 8 30
Leave Brenford			12 10 8 25
" Moorton			12 20 8 35
" Dover	2 30		12 40 8 55
" Camden			12 50 9 05
" Wil. Grove			1 05 9 15
" Canterbury			1 10 9 20
" Plymouth			1 10 9 20
" Felton			1 20 9 30
" Harrington	3 20		1 40 9 45 P. M.
" Farmington			1 55
" Greenwood			2 05
" Bridgeville	3 50		2 15
" Seaford	4 10		2 35
" Laurel	4 30		2 55
" Delmar			3 10
" Salisbury	5 05		3 40
" Forktown			4 00
" Eden			4 15
" Prin. Anne	5 40		4 50
" Westover	5 50		5 10
" Kingston			5 30
" Marion			5 45
Arrive Crisfield		6 25 P. M.	6 05 P. M.

NEW CASTLE TRAINS.—Leave New Castle for Wilmington and Philadelphia at 12 05 P. M.—and on Mondays at 7 45 A. M. Leave Philadelphia 12 00 M. and Wilmington 1 15 P. M. for New Castle.

SMYRNA BRANCH TRAINS.—Additional to those above leave Smyrna for Clayton 11 45 A. M. and 8 10 P. M. Leave Clayton for Smyrna, 8 40 A. M. and 2.10 P. M. to make connection with trains to and from Dover, and Stations South. Also, train will leave Smyrna at 6. 15 A. M. Sundays and Mondays excepted, to connect with express, and return leaving Clayton at 6 45 A. M.

Trains leaving Crisfield at 2 45 A. M., and Wilmington going South at 12 25 A. M. will run in close connection with Steamboats to Norfolk and Portsmouth and Express Trains to and from Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York. They will stop on the Delaware Railroad Line only at principal stations at which their time is stated. Except that Steamboat Train South will let off passengers from Baltimore at any station to which they have tickets.

H. Q. SEWALL,
April 18. Superintendent Delaware R. R.

TIMELY HINTS TO ALL.

HOW many have lost a father, mother, brother, sister, or an innocent little prattling child, and have not even a shadow of resemblance to look upon. After the separation some little toy or a trifling article is often kept for years, and cherished as a token of remembrance. How much more esteemed and valuable would be one of HORNING'S Perfect Photographs, of the loved and lost. There is scarcely any one who does not take pleasure in gazing on the features of a friend, and when that friend has been removed by death, we often hear the exclamation with an expression of regret; O! what would I not give for such a picture of my friend.

Readers, perhaps you cannot do a better thing now your mind is upon the subject, then take an hour or two and visit Horning's Gallery, then you may, at some future period, have reason to feel grateful for these gentle hints from

JOHN M. HORNING,
Middletown, Del.

The best memento that you can supply,
Or leave a valued friend when you die,
Is the life-speaking picture taken in health,
Far better than all of earth's fading wealth.

July 11-tf

MIDDLETOWN IRON FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP.

PLOWS and Plow Castings, Machine Castings of all kinds on hand or made to order. Particular attention given to Repairing Machinery. Cash for old Iron.
WM. L. BUCKE & SON,
April 4-tf Founders and Machinists.

Middletown Furniture Warerooms.

JOSEPH H. ENOS

KEEPS constantly on hand an assortment of FURNITURE suitable to the market, consisting of

COTTAGE SUITS,
BEDSTEADS, CHAIRS, WASHSTANDS,
Parlor and Dining Room Furniture, &c.

ALSO
FURNISHING UNDERTAKER.

COFFINS of all kinds and styles; Metallic Caskets; Patent Burial Cases to order. Jan. 4—tf

Dr. J. E. REGISTER,

DENTIST,
ELKTON, MD.

OFFICE on North street, two doors above the Odd Fellows' Hall.
February 8, 1868—tf

OLD NEWSPAPERS, a cheap and convenient Wrapping Paper, for sale at this office.

LOOK HERE!!

THE subscriber has just opened a New Store, in ODESSA, where he purposes keeping a full assortment of

GOODS,

such as are generally kept in a country store, vicinity to call in, and examine my prices; and you will find that they will compare with the lowest city prices.

Muslins, bl'd and unbl'd,	6, 8, 10 and 12½ cts.
Prints,	8, 10 and 12½ "
Alpacas, all colors.	25 "
Grenadines Mozambiques,	25 "
Challie Delaine,	20 "
Lawns (Pacific)	20 "
Ginghams,	10, 12, and 15

Select Poetry.

MY MOTHER'S GRAVE.

BY GEO. D. PRENTICE.

The trembling dew-drops fall
Upon the shutting flowers like souls at rest;
The stars shine gloriously, and all
Save me are blest.

Mother, I love thy grave;
The violet, with its blossoms blue and mild,
Waves o'er thy head. When will wave
Above thy child?

'Tis a sweet flower, yet must
Its bright leaves to the morning's tempest
Dear mother, 'tis thine emblem—Dust (bow.)
Is on thy brow.

And I could love to die—
To leave untasted life's dark, bitter streams;
By thee, as erst in childhood, lie,
And share thy dreams.

And I must linger here
To stain the plumage of my sinless years,
And mourn the hopes of childhood dear
With bitter tears.

Aye, I must linger here,
A lonely branch upon a withered tree,
Whose last frail leaf untimely sere,
Went down with thee.

Oft from life's withered bower,
In still communion with the past, I turn
And muse on thee, the only flower
In memory's urn.

And when the evening pale
Bows like a mourner on the dim blue wave,
I stray to hear the night winds' wail
Around thy grave.

Where is thy spirit flown?
I gaze above—thy look is imaged there—
I listen, and thy gentle tone
Is on the air.

O, come while here I press
My brow upon thy grave, and in those mild
And thrilling tones of tenderness,
Bless, bless thy child.

For the Middletown Transcript,

Fireside Angels.

[The following article was sent to us for publication, as the composition of a "school girl."]

Let the hearth be ever so humble there is hovering around it an angel of mercy. The little infant, the mother's bud of promise, whose sparkling eyes, dimpled cheek, and merry laugh, will never cease to live fresh upon her memory; and as she moves each little plaything, or touches each vacant dress, or moves from sight the little shoes and stockings, how forcibly will she be reminded that in that bright home she has an angel whose influence is felt even here on earth; and down sits the mother and father shedding tears of sorrow, whilst they are encouraged to bear the burdens of life, with an assurance that their angel band has already began in the land of Spirits.

It was a balmy night in June, and lights were beaming from every window in the farm-house; the guests had assembled, and silence prevailed until it was broken by the faltering voice of the aged pastor, when all eyes were turned to witness a scene that no pen can portray. She came forth leaning on the arm of her young husband, and oh! how sweet she looked, dressed in her long, flowing robe of white, a wreath of orange blossoms encircled her hair, while her long, flowing veil fell carelessly over a form that the sculpturer might envy for a subject. But, ere the honeymoon had closed, death had claimed her for his victim; the fond parents had buried from their sight, one that was ever so dear. She seemed at her home like a ministering angel; and when death had disrobed her of this mortal coil, she was more like an angel than ever. How often, when her bereft partner sat at twilight, his mind would wander through the vista of time, and with eyes glistening with tears of sadness, would console himself by knowing that his forsaken home had an angel robed in white hovering over it.

What awakens in the mind a greater emotion than the love of a mother, when she presses her first-born to her bosom, watches over it, and longs to hear the first lisping word, "Mamma," and the first responsive smile is hailed with such ecstacy; and as each little dimple is formed in its cheek, the doting parents often realize in the little pratler a fire-side angel on earth? Little did they think that in a few short months their fond hopes were not to be realized long on earth, for there, shrouded and palled, lay their first bud of promise, so suddenly nipped by the icy fingers of death.

Let us look back at our late civil war, and see how many homes were left desolate of their fire-side angels, who had laid their lives at the shrine of liberty. They left the family hearth, perchance, reluctantly; and many an aching heart they left, who prayed daily for their safe return; but alas! in an unexpected hour, the tidings of death was echoed and re-echoed to that home. Mourning and sadness depicted every face, for their loved one had fallen a martyr in a distant land, with no kind hand to raise the aching head, no hand to wipe away the fallen tear; but there he lay, a stranger in a strange land, with no one near him to shed a tear of love on his bier, but away from that spot, rendered dear to them, were gathered a group of friends to weep bitter tears for their loved ones.

Let each of us live so we may be an angel of mercy, whilst we are even clothed in the habiliments of earth; but strive still more arduous to be an angel, when death disrobes us of that which is earthly, and in our sphere of usefulness, let us, by our kindling influence, teach some useful lesson to those that are akin to us. The number of fire-side angels can ne're be told; but, we may well say, every fire-side has its angel.

Chemists tell us that a single grain of the substance called iodine will impart color to 2,000 times its weight of water.—It is so in higher things; one companion, one book, one habit may affect the whole life and character.

A Decatur (Ill) lady advertises for a husband who must be handsome, well off, temperate, anti-tobacco, and go to church regularly. The lady is twenty-seven, fair and good looking, and has money.

An Illinois paper says there is a man in Olney so dirty that the assessors put him down as real estate.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS
AND
Hoofland's German Tonic.

The Great Remedies for all Diseases of the

LIVER, STOMACH, OR DIGESTIVE ORGANS.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS

Is composed of the pure juices (or, as they are medicinally termed *Extracts*) of Roots, Herbs, and Barks, making a preparation, highly concentrated, and entirely *free from all alcoholic admixture of any kind.*

Hoofland's German Tonic

Is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters, with the purest quality of *Santa Cruz Rum*, Orange, &c. making one of the most pleasant and agreeable remedies ever offered to the public.

Those preferring a Medicine free from Alcoholic admixture, will use

Hoofland's German Bitters.

Those who have no objection to the combination of the Bitters, as stated, will use

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC

They are both equally good, and contain the same medicinal virtues, the choice between the two being a mere matter of taste, the Tonic being the most palatable.

The stomach, from a variety of causes such as Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, etc. is very apt to have its functions deranged. The Liver, sympathizing as closely as it does with the Stomach, then becomes affected, the result of which is the patient suffers from several or more of the following diseases:

Constipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Fulness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs etc. Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits.

The sufferer from these diseases should exercise the greatest caution in the selection of a remedy for his case, purchasing only that which he is assured from his investigations and inquiries, possesses true merit, is skilfully compounded, is free from injurious ingredients, and has established for itself a reputation for the cure of these diseases. In this connection we would submit those well-known remedies—

Hoofland's German Bitters,
AND
Hoofland's German Tonic

PREPARED BY DR. C. M. JACKSON,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Thirty-five years since they were first introduced into this country from Germany, during which time they have undoubtedly performed more cures, and benefited suffering humanity to a greater extent than any other remedies known to the public.

These remedies will effectually cure Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Chronic Diarrhœa, Diseases of the Kidneys, and all Diseases arising from a disordered Liver' Stomach or Intestines.

DEBILITY.

Resulting from any cause whatever; prostration of the system, induced by severe labor, hardships, exposure, fevers &c.

There is no medicine extant equal to these remedies in such cases. A tone and vigor is imparted to the whole system, the appetite is strengthened, food is enjoyed, the stomach digests properly, the blood is purified, the complexion becomes sound and healthy, the yellow tinge is eradicated from the eyes, a bloom is given to the cheeks, and the weak and nervous invalid becomes a strong and healthy being.

Persons advanced in life and feeling the hand of time weighing heavily upon them, with all its attendant ills, will find in the use of this Bitters, or the Tonic, an elixir that will instill new life into their veins, restore in a measure the energy and ardor of more youthful days, build up their shrunken forms, and give health and happiness to their remaining years.

NOTICE.

It is a well established fact that fully one-half of the female portion of our population are seldom in the enjoyment of good health, or, to use their own expression, "never feel well." They are languid, devoid of all energy, extremely nervous, and have no appetite.

To this class of persons the Bitters, or the Tonic is especially recommended.

WEAK AND DELICATE CHILDREN

Are made strong by the use of either of these remedies. They will cure every case of Marasmus without fail.

TESTIMONIALS.

Hon. Geo. W. Woodward,

Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pa. writes:

Philadelphia, March 16, 1867.

"I find Hoofland's German Bitters is a good tonic, useful in the diseases of the digestive organs, and of great benefit in cases of debility, and want of nervous action in the system.

Yours, truly, GEO. W. WOODWARD."

Hon. James Thompson,

Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

Philadelphia, April 28, 1866.

I consider "Hoofland's German Bitters" a *valuable medicine* in case of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience of it. Yours, with respect,

JAMES THOMPSON.

From Rev. J. H. Kennard, D. D.

Pastor of the Tenth Baptist Church, Philadelphia.

Dr. Jackson,—Dear Sir: I have been frequently requested to connect my name with recommendations of different kinds of medicines, but regarding the practice as out of my appropriate sphere, I have in all cases declined; but with a clear proof in various instances, and particularly in my own family, of the use of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, I depart for once from my usual course, to express my full conviction that, *for general debility of the system, and especially for Liver Complaint, it is a safe and valuable preparation.* In some cases it may fail; but usually, I doubt not, it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above causes.

Yours, very respectfully,
J. H. KENNARD,
Eighth, below Coates St.

From Rev. E. D. Fendall,

Assistant Editor, Christian Chronicle, Philada.

I have derived decided benefit from the use of Hoofland's German Bitters, and feel it my privilege to recommend them as a most valuable tonic, to all who are suffering from general debility, or from diseases arising from derangement of the liver. Yours, truly,

E. D. FENDALL.

CAUTION.—See that the signature of C. M. Jackson is on the wrapper of each bottle. All others are counterfeit.

Principal Office and Manufactory at No. 621 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

CHARLES M. EVANS, Priprietor.

PRICE.—Hoofland's German Bitters, per bottle, $1.00—half dozen, $5.00 Hoofland's German Tonic, put up in quart bottles, $1.50 per bottle, or a half dozen for $7.50

FOR SALE BY ALL

Druggists and Storekeepers, Everywhere.

Aug. 1—1 year.

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC.

THE undersigned, having rented the large and convenient room formerly occupied by Mr. T. E. Jump, at Warwick, has just opened a large and complete assortment of all kinds of

GOODS,

necessary to be kept in a first class store. Having come among you for the purpose of making an honest living, he hopes by close attention to business to receive a share of the public patronage, pledging himself to make it to your interest to give him a call, intending to sell any and all goods as low as they can be bought in any town on the shore; call in and examine, and if it is not so, you are not compelled to buy. No charge for showing goods.

Look at Some of the Prices,

Calicoes, 8, 10, 12 and 16 cents per yard.
Bleached and Brown Muslins, 10, 12, 15, 18, and 23 cents per yard.
Good and all wool Cassimeres, 65, 75, and $1.00 per yard. Fine Black Cloths and Cassimeres from $1,25 to $5,00.

A Fine Stock of Ready Made Clothing

AT VERY LOW PRICES.

GROCERIES.

Brown Sugar, 12½, 16 and 17 cents, White, 17, and 18 cents per lb. Green Coffee, 25 and 30 cents pr. lb. Burnt Coffee. 30 cents per lb.

Good Molasses, 55, cts per gal. Best Syrup, $1.00 per gallon.

Pure Cider Vinegar, 40 cts. per gal. Coal Oil, the very best, 50 cts. per gallon.

QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE, TINWARE, WOODEN and WILLOW-WARE.

NOTIONS.

Hosiery, Gloves, Fancy Soaps, Perfumery, Laces, Edgings and Trimmings.

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS and CAPS, a full line, at low prices.

Oil Cloths, Table Covers, Straw Mattings and Carpetings.

Collars, Bridles, Halters, Rope and Chain Traces, Shovel's, Spades, Rakes and Hoes.

All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods, at the highest market prices.

WOOL WANTED.

The highest market price given for Wool.

Call in and examine, and if there is anything you want and don't see it, call for it and we will have it.

P. S. ☞ Remember no trouble to show goods. Repectfully;

May 30-1y A. W. SPARKS.

WM L. CHALK'S,
Flour, Feed and Provision Store,
No. 9. WEST MAIN ST.
Middletown, Delaware.

KEEPS constantly on hand the best grades of Flour, Meal and Feed of all kinds, Corn and Oats. Vegetables of all kinds in their season, also, Fresh Meat, Beef, Veal and Mutton, sliced Ham, Dried Beef, Bologna Sausage, Butter and Eggs. Market days—Wednesday and Saturday.

Flour, Feed and Meal, in quantities of 50 lbs. and upwards will be delivered to purchasers free of charge. All the above articles will be sold at the very lowest Cash prices, all goods cash on delivery. Thankful for the liberal Patronage of the past year, I hope by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of the same.

P. S.—Having made arangements with the Odessa stage driver, to take orders for me, I will visit Odessa, three times a week, Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays, and deliver Flour, Meal and Feed, in quantities to suit. Orders delivered to Mr. Money, will receive prompt attention. This arrangement will be continued with Mr. Chance or his driver, at the expiration of Mr. Money's time.

Having made arrangements with the Celebrated Miller, Mr. Drummond, to be supplied with his best Flour, I can sell the same at his own retail prices. Farmers and others from the country can be supplied, without the trouble of driving to the mill, by bringing their money to No. 9. and get their food for Man, and Beast.

May 30-tf

COAL OIL. COAL OIL.

THE ☞ SAFEST, ☜ ☞ Best, ☜ and ☞ CHEAPEST OIL, ☜ for Illuminating surposes in the market.

WE GUARANTEE IT

TO BE

☞ ALL THAT IS REPRESENTED,

AND

At Less Cost to Dealers,

☞ *THAN CAN BE PURCHASED* ☜

In this or the Philadelphia Market.

GIVE US A CALL.

Thompson & Co.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in COAL OIL,

LARD SPERM WHALE OILS,

S. W. Corner of 2d and Market Streets

WILMINGTON, Del.

MERCHANTS

Who desire to keep and sell a safe and reliable Burning Oil, at less cost than can be purchased elsewhere, would do well to call or communicate with

Thompson & Co.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Burning Oil, Lubricating Oil, Turpentine, &c.

S. W. Corner 2d and Market Streets,

WILMINGTON, Del.

April 25—1y.

FRANCIS TARONI

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public generally, that he has recently located on the north-east corner of Broad and Lake streets, Middletown, and is prepared to do all kinds of

House and Sign Painting,

Graining, China Glossing, Calcemining, Paper Hanging, &c.

All work done with neatness and despatch.

He invites the public to give him a call, as he flatters himself that he will be able give satisfaction to all who favor him with their custom.

All orders will be thankfully received and promptly attended to.

January 11—6m

LIVERY STABLE.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES for hire at the Stables of L. R. Davis' Middletown Hotel. The horses are safe, and careful drivers will be provided when desired. Terms moderate. Apply to THOS. MURRAY,

Jan. 4.—y. At the Stables.

WANTED.

A HOUSEKEEPER, to go to Sassafras Neck, Cecil county, Md. References required. For terms, or other information apply to,

WM. M. KNIGHT.

Address,—Cecilton, Cecil Co. Md.

June 13—tf.

GRANVILLE WORRELL,

220 AND 222 MARKET STREET,

Wilmington, Del.

AMERICAN, ENGLISH, GERMAN AND FRENCH

DRY GOODS.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN

CARPETS and Oil Cloths.

CHINA AND CALCUTTA

MATTINGS, MATS, RUGS, &c. &c.

WE are prepared to fill orders for Churches, Hotels, Private Dwellings and Public Building, furnishing them complete, including Sheets, Blankets, Counterpanes, Towels, Curtains, Cornices, Stair Rods, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Damasks, &c. Orders will be taken and estimates furnished of the whole cost, with articles furnished or otherwise, as parties commencing housekeeping may prefer.

We cannot enumerate even leading departments, owing to the extent of our business, but have a full assortment of various lines in

DRESS FABRICS,
MOURNINGS,
WHITE GOODS,
FURNISHING GOODS,
HOSIERY,
FLANNELS, &c. &c. &c.

Our long experience, combined with our intimate and extensive acquaintance with the largest and best Importing and Domestic Houses of this country give us, we believe, advantages shared by no other house to the same extent in Delaware, and we wish distinctly to state that we are prepared to sell *always as low or lower than Philadelphia Merchants.*

THE MOTTO OF THE HOUSE
CHEAP, PROMPT AND RELIABLE.

March 7, 1068—1y

MIDDLETOWN STOVE HOUSE.

S. W. ROBERTS,

TAKES pleasure in announcing to his friends of Middletown and surrounding country, that the liberal patronge he has received has induced him to offer to the public the greatest variety, and best selected stock of Stoves, both Cooking and Heating, ever offered in Middletown, and at prices that cannot fail to please. Among the assortment are the following

COOK STOVES.

NIAGARA, NOBLE COOK, MONITOR, CORAL COOK, WM. PENN, LEHIGH, and others made in the city.

PARLOR STOVES.

BRILLIANT, DEW DROP, GAS BURNING BASE, UNION AIR TIGHT, GEM, OUR PARLOR.

Also, SEXTON'S PARLOR HEATERS.

Stoves of all kinds suitable for Stores, Offices, Bar-rooms, and School Houses.

Also, the Morning Glory and the Oriental, both unsurpassed in beauty and efficiency. They can be seen in operation at the store of the proprietor.

All sizes of Bar-room Stoves and Ten-plate Stoves repaired at short notice.

Old Stoves taken in exchange.

☞ TIN WARE at wholesale and retail. ☜

As I have practical workmen employed, I think I can give satisfaction to all who favor me with their work. Particular attention paid to Roofing and Spouting.

S. W. ROBERTS.

Middletown, January 4, 1868—1y

Marble Hall, the Great Popular Clothing House.

BOYS' JACKETS, COATS and PANTS, Men's Fine Cloth Coats, Men's Sack Coats, Men's English Walking Coats, Men's French Sack Coats, Men's Black Pants, Men's Fancy Pants. We have

THE BEST AND FINEST STOCK OF

Men's & Boy's Clothing in the City

together with a superior stock of

Piece Goods for Custom Work,

at less than gold rates.

Persons visiting the city, who may be in want of anything in the Clothing line, should not fail to visit

SMITH, BRO'S. & CO.,

Marble Hall Clothing House,

40 West Baltimore Street.

BALTIMORE, MD.

Jan 4—1y

BLACKSMITHING AND Wheelwrighting.

THE undersigned have commenced the above business in Middletown, corner of Main and Anderson streets, and solicit a share of the public patronage. They flatter themselves that their work cannot be surpassed. The Blacksmithing will be conducted by John C. Vandenbraak, and the Wheelrighting department by J. Leauby.

Wagon, Plow and all kinds of country work and Coach Smithing, done to order.

☞ Repairing neatly and promptly attended to. Special attention given to the repairing.

All work warranted to give perfect satisfaction.

JOHN C. VANDENBRAAK,
LEAUBY & LEE.

April 11th, 1868—3mo

DR. J. J. VANDERFORD,

Graduate of the Pennsylvania College of DENTAL SURGERY,

HAVING located in Middletown, Del. respectfully announces to the public that he is prepared to perform all operations pertaining to the practice of

DENTISTRY.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH Mounted on Dental Vulcanite, a material superior to metals in its adaptability and durability.

Persons having badly adjusted gold plates can have them exchanged for the Vulcanite.

Great care will be given to Children's Teeth; irregularities corrected, and deciduous teeth preserved until the permanent ones make their appearance.

☞ A superior Dentifrice constantly on hand. Office seven doors east of the Bank.

January 4, 1868—1y

ATTEND TO YOUR TEETH.

FEW persons are properly impressed with the importance of giving early attention to decaying teeth. The health is often affected by them, to say nothing of the inconvenience and suffering, which they produce. It is important to have all caries promptly arrested. If treated in time most teeth may be preserved.

Teeth Extracted Without Pain,

by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, a harmless and pleasant anesthetic.

J. J. VANDERFORD, D. D. S.

May 9-tf Middletown, Del.

LUMBER. LUMBER.

THE subscribers offer to the citizens of Middletown and surrounding country their thanks for the very liberal patronage they have received, and embrace this medium in announcing to all builders and contractors and those in want o Lumber, that they are prepared to supply them on the most liberal terms. We have reduced our price, as the market has demanded, and we think that they will compare with the city prices. Our stock is very large, embracing a full assortment of

SPRUCE,
HEMLOCK,
AND OAK FRAMING STUFF,

ALL SIZES.

WHITE PINE BOARDS,
HEMLOCK "
OAK PLANK,
WHITE PINE DO.
WHITE PINE SIDING.
YELLOW PINE FLOORING,
HEMLOCK "
PLASTERING LATHES.
SPRUCE AND CYPRESS SHINGLES.
PLAIN AND FANCY PICKETING.
SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.

Building Hardware,

☞ NAILS AND SPECIALITIES. ☜

BRICKS,
CALCINE PLASTER, LIME & HAIR.

HEWES' PHOSPHATE.

PAINTS, OIL, TURPENTINE,
VARNISH, DRY JAPAN, GLASS.

J. B. FENIMORE & CO.,

On the Railroad, above the National Hotel.

January 25—tf

CHEAP DRY GOODS.

Andrew E. Crow & Co.

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Middletown and surrounding country that they have commenced the Dry Goods Business at

207 Market St. Wilmington, Del.

where they intend to keep a large and well selected stock of FOREIGN & DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, such as

Merinoes, Poplins, Alpacas & Coburgs,

BOTH BLACK AND COLORED.

We would call special attention to our stock of

Table and Shirting Linens,

BLEACHED AND
UNBLEACHED MUSLINS,
CALICOES AND DOMESTICS.

A FULL LINE OF CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,

☞ FOR MEN AND BOYS' WEAR. ☜

Please call and examine our stock and prices before purchasing.

QUICK SALES & SMALL PROFITS.

DO NOT FORGET THE NUMBER,

207 MARKET STREET, Wilmington, Del.

ANDREW E. CROW & CO.

January 25—1y

The Knickerbocker Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York,

ACCUMULATED CASH ASSETS FOR THE SECURITY OF POLICY HOLDERS, $3,500,000.

POLICIES ISSUED, 1867;	10,3000
INCOME FOR THE YEAR, OVER	$2,000,000
PAID TO WIDOWS AND ORPHANS OF DECEASED MEMBERS,	$300,000
AMOUNT OF INSURANCE COVERED BY POLICIES,	$50,000,000

NO RESTRICTION ON RESIDENCE OR TRAVEL.—ALL POLICIES ARE NON-FORFEITABLE.

PREMIUMS CAN BE PAID ALL IN CASH, OR A PREMIUM NOTE CAN BE GIVEN FOR ONE-HALF, IF DESIRED.

The Company is Mutual in its Plan of Operations.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, SAYS.—"A Policy of Life Insurance is the cheapest and safest mode of making a certain provision for one's family."

LIFE INSURANCE, has the approbation of Clergymen, Statesmen, Lawyer's Physicians, Merchants &c. Get your Life Insured without delay, Life is uncertain and full of contingencies.

ALFRED G. COX, AGENT,

Jan 18—6m Middletown, Del.

DR. MUSGROVE,

DENTIST,

ELKTON, MARYLAND,

OFFICE—Opposite the Presbyterian Church. Teeth Extracted without Pain by the use of NITROUS OXIDE GAS; or by the latest improvement —the SPRAY PRODUCER, formed by Bigoline or Ether.

This Narcotic Spray is used where sensitive teeth are to be excavated preparatory to filling. Also, for PAINLESS removal of the Dental Pulp, and for minor surgical operations.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH inserted, from one to a full set.

Persons from a distance desiring protracted operations will please notify by mail, or otherwise, thereby saving disappointment and loss of time.

Tooth Powder and Mouth Wash kept constantly on hand; also, Dr. J. D. White's Dentine.

THOMAS H. MUSGROVE, D. D. S.

Elkton, Md., January 18, 1868—1y

Middletown Carriage Works.

ESTABLISHED IN 1830.

J. M. COX & BRO., Proprietors.

WE keep constantly on hand and manufacture to order Carriages of the latest styles and finished in the best manner, as we employ bone but first-class workmen and use only the best material.

☞ Repairing executed with neatness and despatch.

All work warranted. Jan 4—tf

FOR SALE.

CANARY BIRDS, for Sale, at $3.50 per pair. Apply to B. F. LIPPINCOTT,

National Hotel, Middletown, Del.

June 6—3m

BENJAMIN F. MAY,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 79 South Street, opposite the Corn Exchange,

BALTIMORE, MD.

THE subscriber, having been at the head of the State Grain Office, in the city of Baltimore, for the last five years, thereby having acquired considerable experience in the Grain Trade, and now engaged in a General Commission Business, would respectfully solicit a share of patronage from Agriculturists and Forwarders of Grain and Produce to the city. Such consignments will at all times be attended to with promptness and accuracy, and returns of the highest prices made.

AUTHORIZED REFERENCES:

Ex-Governor Bradford, of Maryland,
Col. E. H. Webster, Collector of Baltimore.
Gen. Edward Shriver, Postmaster, of Baltimore.
Hon. John M. Frazier, Baltimore.
Hon. Hiram McCullough, M. C., of Cecil county.
Hon. Alexander Evans, of " "
Hon. George Vickers, of Kent " "
Col. Edwin Wilkins, of " "
Col. James Wallace, of Dorchester " "
Dr. Francis P. Phelps, of " "
Col. Wm. H. Purnell, of Worcester " "
Hon. Alfred Spates, of Allegany " "
John Y. L. Eindlay, Esq., of Washington " "
Messrs. Clabaugh & Harris, of Carroll " "
Hon. G. Fred. Maddox, of St. Mary's " "
Hon. Richard Mackall, of Calvert " "
H. Vanderford, Esq., Middletown, Delaware.

January 4, 1868—6m

MIDDLETOWN HOTEL.

L. R. DAVIS, Proprietor.

THIS well-known and popular establishment is still the favorite resort of the traveling public. The proprietor spares no pains to insure the comfort of his guests. A well-furnished TABLE, the choicest brands of LIQUORS, CIGARS and TOBACCO; his acknowledged experience as an abundant caterer, combined with attentive waiters, reliable hostlers and moderate charges, will, he feels assured, secure to him a continuance of the liberal patronage of the public.

☞ HORSES AND MULES are always to be found on sale at his Stables, during the proper season; and persons in want of such stock can readily supply themselves on accommodating terms. Jan. 4—6mo.

JOB PRINTING.

Having received a large supply of new and beautiful type, we are prepared to do Job Work of every description, from the finest and most delicate card, to the largest and most showy poster.

ORDERS FOR

CARDS, CIRCULARS,
BLANKS,
DEEDS, MORTGAGES,
FUNERAL NOTICES,
PROGRAMMES, BALL TICKETS,
BANK CHECKS,
PROMISSORY NOTES, BILL-HEADS,
ENVELOPES,
PAMPHLETS, HANDBILLS,
POSTERS,
HORSE BILLS, &c. &c.

will be promptly attended to, at moderate rates.

☞ Printing done in GOLD, BRONZE, and all kinds of FANCY COLORS.

SEND YOUR ORDERS TO

The Transcript Office,

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

Jan 25—tf

LEND ME YOUR COUNTENANCE.

IF you want a good likeness of yourself or family call at

J. M. HORNING'S

ONE DOOR WEST OF ROBERT'S STOVE AND TIN HOUSE.

Middletown, Del.,

where you will get pictures from the beautiful little Pearl Ferrotype to the life-size Photograph.

All who wish a correct likeness of themselves or friends should embrace this opportunity and call at once.

Particular attention paid to copying daguerrotypes or ambrotypes of deceased persons into card or large size Photographs.

A proff will be shown before the pictures are finished.

A good assortment of Rustic and other Frames on hand.

It will afford us pleasure to have you call and examine specimens.

January 4—tf J. M. HORNING.

GOLD MEDAL PIANOS
AND PARLOR ORGANS.

STIEF'S PIANOS,—THE BEST NOW MADE.

GOLD MEDAL for the best Pianos manufactured has been awarded for the year 1867, to CHARLES M. STIEFF, examined and pronounced by the best Professors in Baltimore to be the BEST PIANOS, and were in competition with Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York Pianos.

Stieff's Pianos contain improvements that are not to be in other instruments, and are all made at his extensive Factory and out of the best seasoned material, and warranted for five years.

Call and examine for yourselves. They are sold at lower prices than any other house.

SECOND HAND PIANOS from $50 to $300.

Also, PARLOR ORGANS for sale cheap at

STIEFF'S,
No. 7 North Liberty Street,
January 4, 1868. Baltimore.

TURBINE WATER WHEEL,

DR. T. J. KINDLEBERGER'S latest improved patent.

Double Centre-Vent Buckeye

TURBINE WATER WHEEL,

Patented November 4th, 1862, and July 11th, 1865. WM. H. SPRATT, Millwright,

Cherry Hill; Cecil county, Md.

April 11, 1868—1y GENERAL AGENT.

First Class Boarding House.

NO. 76 SHARP STREET,

BALTIMORE.

Located one square from the B. and O. R. R. Depot, and three squares from the Eastern Shore Steamboat Wharf.

MRS. GUSTAVUS WRIGHT, late of Chestertown, Kent county, Maryland, informs her friends and the public generally that she will accommodate, on reasonable terms, Transient, Permanent and Table boarders. Jan. 4.—y.

MANSION HOUSE HOTEL,

North West Corner Fayette & St. Paul Sts.

OPPOSITE BARNUM'S CITY HOTEL,

BALTIMORE.

Isaac Alberston ..... Proprietor.

☞ This is one of the most pleasant and central locations in the city.

January 4, 1868—1y

The HOWE Sewing Machines

MANUFACTURED BY

THE HOWE MACHINE CO.

—ELIAS HOWE, JR.,—

FOR FAMILIES AND MANUFACTURERS.

THE GREAT PRIZE,

EXPOSITION UNIVERSELLE, PARIS, 1867,

Awarded over Eighty-two Competitors,

THE HIGHEST PREMIUM.

THE ONLY CROSS OF THE LEGION OF HONOR AND GOLD MEDAL.

given to AMERICAN SEWING MACHINES, per Imperial Decree, published in the "Moniteur Universel" (Official Journal of the French Empire), 2d July, 1867, in these words:

ELIAS HOWE, JR. { Fabricate de Machines coudre exposant. / Manufacturer of Sewing Machines, Exhibitor.

The Howe Sewing Machines are celebrated for doing the best work, using a much smaller needle for the same thread than any other machine.

They are adapted to all kinds of Family sewing, and Manufacturing of every description, making a beautiful and perfect Stitch, alike on both sides of the article sewed, and will neither rip nor ravel.

Every Machine is as near perfection as the best machinery in the world can make it.

The parts being exactly alike, if any part needs to be replaced, the operator can replace it

The New Improved Family Machine is without a rival, and cannot be surpassed,—a Hemmer, Feller, Braider, Quilter and Guide go with each Family Machine free of charge.

Buyers of Sewing Machines are earnestly Cautioned to observe the Medallion Head of Elias Howe, Jr., (Trademark), embedded in each Machine. Certain parties have taken advantage of a similarity of name, and other equally dishonest devices to foist imitations on the Public as Howe Machines.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

N. B. We have Fuller & Barnum's New Tuck Creaser and self-sewer or self-guide and Baster combined, for all Sewing Machines.

SIBLEY & STOOPS,

Sole agents for Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware and West Virginia, to whom all applications for Agencies must be addressed at either of the following places: No. 23 South Eighth street Philadelphia, (Principal Office); No. 4 Saint Clair street, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, or 276 Broad street, Newark, New Jersey.

HORRIBLE !!!

I HAVE SUFFEERED WITH CATARRH thirty years, it had destroyed my voice and smelling—impaired my sight and hearing. In six weeks I have been entirely cured. For humanity's sake I will send the recipe for the simple remedy used, POSTAGE FREE, to all afflicted. Those wishing or needing the same, will please address,

JAS. T. HOLDEN, Station D,
Bible House, N. Y.

Thomson's Crown Crinolines
Are Charming for Lightness.

Thomson's Crown Crinolines
Are Superior for Elasticity.

Thomson's Crown Crinolines
Are unequalled for Durability.

Thomson's Crown Crinolines,
In a word, are the best in the world, and more widely known than any other.
At wholesale by
THOMSON, LANGDON & Co.,
391 Broadway,
New York.

HOWE'S STANDARD SCALES

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF SCALE WARRANTED TO GIVE ENTIRE SATISFACTION. Send for Catalogue and Circular. second hand Scales of other makers, taken in part pay for ours, for sale CHEAP.

HOWE SCALE CO.,
3 Park Place, New York
131 Federal st., Boston.

(ESTABLISHED IN 1835.)

FIRST PRIZE GOLD MEDAL.

Awarded by the American Institute, New York, 1867, to

SCHUTZE & LUDOLFF,

FOR THE BEST

PIANO FORTES.

Sole Manufacturers of Grand and Square Patent Monitor Plate Piano Fortes, with

DOUBLE IRON FRAME.

A COMPLETE PROTECTION AGAINST WET, COLD OR HOT CLIMATE.

(Patented February 20th, 1866.)

WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

Warerooms, 452 Broome St., New York.

The Patent Monitor Plate Pianos by their peculiar Construction are superior to all others, and their merit consists in the wrest plank being supported by the iron frame, allowing a larger space for the tunning board than is possessed by any other kind of Piano. By this means the quantity as well as the quality of the tone is largely increased.

These Pianos have been pronounced by the best judges to be unrivalled for

Power and Sweetness of Tone, Easy and Agreeable Touch and Beauty of Finish.

Most flattering certificates of excellence from Thalberg, Gottschalk, Strakosch, Vietemps, and a large number of the most distinguished Professors and Acanteurs. From long experience and superior facilities for Manufacturing, we are enabled to offer our Pianos at as low prices as are asked by inferior makers.

Send for Circular and Price List.

NEW YORK PIANO FORTE COMPANY.

(CHARTERED MARCH, 1864.)

Manufacturers of

GRAND AND SQUARE

Agraffe Piano-Fortes.

No. 340 and 342 Second Avenue,

(CORNER OF 20TH STREET,)

NEW YORK.

Send for descriptive Catalogue and Price List.

THOSE BEAUTIFUL NEW YORK

SILICATE BOOK SLATES,

Just published in the most attractive styles. ONE OF THE MOST USEFUL INVENTIONS OF THE AGE.

DESCRIPTIVE PRICE LIST.

College, School, and Mercantile Book Slates,

(WITH FULL CLOTH BINDINGS.)

		Per Hundred.
POCKET BOOK SLATE, Interleaved, and with cuicader for 1866, with soapstone pencil, size, 6½x8½		8 cts. 25 00
QUARTZ BOOK SLATE, For common school use, with soapstone pencil, do. 6x8½		30 00
CRYSTAL BOOK SLATE, For common school use, with soapstone pencil, do. 6½x10		40 00
SILICA BOOK SLATE, Interleaved, (six Slate surfaces) for school, mercantile and general purposes, with soapstone pencil, do. 6x8½		50 00
SILEX BOOK SLATE, Interleaved, (six Slate surfaces) for office and mercantile purposes, with soapstone pencil, do. 6½x10½		75 00
STONE BOOK SLATE, Interleaved, (six Slate surfaces) for schools and seminaries, with soapstone pencil, do. 6 x 9		75 00
MINERAL BOOK SLATE, Interleaved, (six Slate surfaces) for colleges, academies and professional use, with soapstone pencil, do. 7 x 11		100
FLINT BOOK SLATE, Interleaved, (six Slate surfaces) for the dealer, store or mechanic, with soapstone pencil, do. 6x12½		100 00

Any one of the above (as samples) will be sent, (prepaid by mail,) on receipt of the single price.

Everybody wants; everybody buys as quick as seen.

Just the thing for practical canvassers.

A good man wanted for this County